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Major Projects Framework 2

SBCC Minor Works Contract

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2016 changes to the 2011 Edition

Agreement

Between

The Employer _____

_____ (Company No. _____) [1]

of/whose registered office is at _____

And

The Contractor _____

_____ (Company No. _____) [1]

of/whose registered office is at _____

[1]

Where the Employer or Contractor is neither a company incorporated under the Companies Acts nor a company registered under the laws of another country, delete the references to Company number and registered office. In the case of a company incorporated outside Scotland, or England and Wales, particulars of its place of incorporation should be inserted immediately before its Company number.

Recitals

Whereas

First the Employer wishes to have the following work carried out^[2]:

at _____

_____ ('the Works')
under the direction of the Architect/Contract Administrator referred to in Article 3;

Second the Employer has had the following documents prepared which show and describe the work to be done:

the drawings numbered/listed in _____ ('the Contract Drawings')^{[3][4]}

a Specification ('the Contract Specification')^[3]

Work Schedules^[3]

Bills of Quantities ("the Contract Bills")^{[3][5]}

which documents along with the Conditions are listed and incorporated within the Schedule by reference and those documents together with this Agreement and, if applicable, a Schedule of Rates as referred to in the Third Recital collectively comprise 'the Contract Documents'^{[5][6]};

Third the Contractor has supplied the Employer with a copy of the Contract Bills, the priced Contract Specification or Work Schedules or with a Schedule of Rates^[3];

Fourth for the purposes of the Construction Industry Scheme (CIS) under the Finance Act 2004, the status of the Employer is, as at the Base Date, that stated in the Contract Particulars;

[2] State nature and location of intended works.

[3] Delete as appropriate.

[4] State the identifying numbers of the Contract Drawings or identify the schedule of drawings or other document listing them.

[5] All documents to form part of the Contract Documents are to be included in the Contracts Document forming part of the Schedule of many parts with documents incorporated within that Schedule by reference. The actual documents are to be attached and uniquely identified by such means as are appropriate (Drawings since they should already be uniquely numbered, including revision indication would need no further identification.) Other documents such as Bills of Quantities or Specifications should be signed or initialled on the face of the document by or on behalf of the Parties with reference to such identification in the Schedule for evidential purposes. Where a Contract Document has been priced by the Contractor it is that version of the document that should be listed in the Contract Documents forming part of the Schedule.

[6] It is envisaged that in those cases where there is an applicable BIM or other communications protocol this will be included within one of the Contract Documents identified in the Second Recital.

- Fifth** for the purposes of the Construction (Design and Management) Regulations 2015 (the 'CDM Regulations') the status of the project that comprises or includes the Works is stated in the Contract Particulars;
- Sixth** where so stated in the Contract Particulars, this Contract is supplemented by the Framework Agreement identified in those particulars; and
- Seventh** whether any of Supplemental Provisions 1 to 6 and 9 apply is stated in the Contract Particulars.

Articles

Now it is hereby agreed as follows

Article 1: Contractor's obligations

The Contractor shall carry out and complete the Works in accordance with, and the rights and duties of the Employer and the Contractor shall be regulated by, this Agreement and the Schedule annexed hereto (the "Schedule") including, without limitation, the Contract Documents as defined in the conditions bound in with this Agreement (the "Conditions") and listed in Part 4 of the Schedule annexed hereto ("the Schedule") all of which are Contract Documents and are hereby incorporated in and form part of this Agreement.

Article 2: Contract Sum

The Employer will pay the Contractor at the times and in the manner specified in the Conditions the VAT - exclusive sum of

(£ _____) ('the Contract Sum')

or such other sum as becomes payable under this Contract.

Article 3: Architect/Contract Administrator

For the purposes of this Contract the Architect/Contract Administrator^[7] is

of _____

or, if he ceases to be the Architect/Contract Administrator, such other person as the Employer nominates (such nomination to be made within 14 days of the cessation). No replacement appointee as Architect and/or Contract Administrator shall be entitled to disregard or overrule any certificate, opinion, decision, approval or instruction given by any predecessor in that post, save to the extent that that predecessor, if still in the post, would then have had power under this Contract to do so.

^[7] Unless the person appointed by or under Article 3 is entitled to use the title 'Architect' under the Architects Act 1997, the term 'Architect' shall so long as that person holds that post be deemed deleted throughout this Contract. Any appointee as Contract Administrator should be suitably experienced for the role. Irrespective of experience or qualifications, the Employer should not at any time appoint himself to the role without the Contractor's prior agreement.

Article 4: Principal Designer

The Principal Designer for the purposes of the CDM Regulations is the Architect/Contract Administrator

(or)^[8] _____

of _____

or such replacement as the Employer at any time appoints to fulfil that role.

Article 5: Quantity Surveyor

The Quantity Surveyor for the purposes of this Contract is^[9]

of _____

or, if he ceases to be the Quantity Surveyor, such other person as the Employer nominates (such nomination to be made within 14 days of the cessation).

Article 6: Principal Contractor

The Principal Contractor for the purposes of the CDM Regulations is the Contractor

(or)^[8] _____

of _____

or such replacement as the Employer, at any time, appoints to fulfil that role.

Article 7: Adjudication

If any dispute or difference arises under this Contract either Party may refer it to adjudication in accordance with clause 8.2.^[10]

[8] Insert the name of the Principal Designer in Article 4 if the Architect/Contract Administrator is not to fulfil that role and that of the Principal Contractor in Article 6 if that is to be a person other than the Contractor.
Under the CDM Regulations 2015, regardless of whether or not a project is notifiable, there is a requirement to appoint a Principal Designer and a Principal Contractor in all cases where there is more than one contractor, or if it is reasonably foreseeable that more than one contractor will be working on a project at any time. For these purposes, the term 'Contractor' is broadly defined by the regulations and treats the Contractor's sub-contractors as separate contractors.

[9] Insert name of Quantity Surveyor where appointed.

[10] As to adjudication, in cases where the Employer is a residential occupier within the meaning of Section 106 of the Housing Grants, Construction and Regeneration Act 1996, see the Guidance Notes.

Article 8: Arbitration

Unless Article 8 does not apply¹¹¹, then, subject to Article 7 and the exceptions set out below, any dispute or difference between the Parties of any kind whatsoever arising out of or in connection with this Contract shall be referred to arbitration in accordance with the provisions of Schedule Part 1¹¹², or with such other codes or rules as the Parties shall agree and the exceptions to this Article 8 are:

- ☐ any disputes or differences arising under or in respect of the Construction Industry Scheme or VAT, to the extent that legislation provides another method of resolving such disputes or differences; and
- ☐ any disputes or differences in connection with the enforcement of any decision of an Adjudicator.

Article 9: Legal proceedings¹¹¹

Subject to Article 7 and (where it applies) to Article 8, the Scottish courts shall have jurisdiction over any dispute or difference between the Parties which arises out of or in connection with this Contract.

Article 10: Registration

Both Parties consent to registration hereof for preservation and execution.

Article 11: Parent Company Guarantee

If so stated in the Contract Particulars the Contractor will obtain and deliver to the Employer upon execution of this Contract a guarantee of it's obligations in the form annexed at Schedule 6 hereunder executed Self-Proving manner by the parent company of the Contractor.

Article 12: Performance Bond

If so stated in the Contract Particulars the Contractor will provide a Performance bond in the amount stated in the Contract particulars in the form set out in Schedule 6 executed in a Self-Proving manner within 15 Working Days of the date of the Contract.

Article 13: Collateral Warranties

From time to time as the Employer may require the Contractor will within a mutually agreed timescale of any request execute and deliver to the Employer a warranty executed in a self proving manner by the Contractor in the relevant forms annexed as Schedule 6 in favour of the Interested Party.

From time to time as the Employer may require within a mutually agreed timescale of any request, the Contractor will procure that any Consultant and/or any Relevant Sub-Contractor will, as the Employer shall so direct, be given a notice so as to confer on an Interested Party and/or the Employer the rights under the Schedule of Third Party Rights (Consultants) or the Third Party Rights (Sub-Contractors) in the forms annexed at Schedule Parts 14 in the case of Consultant's or Schedule Parts 15 in the case of the Relevant Sub-Contractor, or execute in a Self-Proving Manner and deliver to the Employer in the favour of the Employer.

Any Interested Party in whose favour such collateral warranty has been executed and delivered to the Employer will no longer be entitled to enforce the Interested Party Rights.

The Contractor shall be entitled to request reasonable amendments to the forms of collateral warranty in the Schedules to reflect the professional indemnity requirements of the Consultants and the Relevant Sub-Contractors (including provision of product liability cover in place of professional indemnity where appropriate) and reflect amendments requested by the Relevant Specialist Sub-Contractors (such as lift installers).

Article 14: Limitation Period

The limitation period applicable to any action brought under or in connection with this Contract is 12 years from Practical Completion of the Works (or the final Section), whatever the manner in which it is executed

[11] If it is intended, subject to the right of adjudication and exceptions stated in Article 8, that disputes or differences should be determined by legal proceedings and not by arbitration, the Contract Particulars **must** state that the arbitration provisions of Article 8 and Schedule Part 1 do not apply and the word "apply" **must** be deleted. If the Parties wish any dispute or difference to be determined by the courts of another jurisdiction the appropriate amendment should be made to Article 9 (see also clause 1.8).

[12] See the Guidance Note.

Contract Particulars

Note: An asterisk * indicates text that is to be deleted as appropriate.

Clause etc.	Subject	
Fourth Recital and Schedule Part 2 (paragraphs 1.1, 1.2, 1.5, 1.6, 2.1 and 2.2)	Base Date	_____
Fourth Recital and clause 5.2	Construction Industry Scheme (CIS)	Employer at the Base Date * is a 'contractor'/is not a 'contractor' for the purposes of the CIS
Fifth Recital	CDM Regulations ^[13]	the project * is/is not notifiable
Sixth Recital	Framework Agreement (if applicable) (State date, title and Parties.)	_____ Agreement dated 4 th April 2022 between _____ PLACES FOR PEOPLE GROUP LIMITED and _____ Contractor _____
Seventh Recital and Schedule Part 3	Supplemental Provisions ^[14] (Where neither entry against one of Supplemental Provisions 1 to 6 below is deleted, that Supplemental Provision applies.)	
	Collaborative working	Supplemental Provision 1 * applies/does not apply
	Health and safety	Supplemental Provision 2 * applies/does not apply
	Cost savings and value improvements	Supplemental Provision 3 * applies/does not apply
	Sustainable development and environmental considerations	Supplemental Provision 4 * applies/does not apply

[13] Under the CDM Regulations 2015 a project is notifiable if the construction work on a construction site is scheduled, either to last longer than 30 working days and have more than 20 workers working simultaneously at any point in the project or, to exceed 500 person days.

[14] Supplemental Provision 7 (Transparency) applies only where the Employer is a Local or Public Authority or other body to whom the Freedom of Information (Scotland) Act 2002 applies; Supplemental Provision 8 (The Procurement (Scotland) Act and the PC (Scotland) Regulations) applies only where the Employer is a Local or Public Authority and this Contract is subject to the Procurement Act and the PC (Scotland) Regulations. Supplemental Provision 9 (Named Specialists) applies only where and to the extent that it is stated to apply.

	Performance Indicators and monitoring	Supplemental Provision 5 * applies/does not apply
	Notification and negotiation of disputes	Supplemental Provision 6 * applies/does not apply
	Where Supplemental Provision 6 applies, the respective nominees of the Parties are	Employer's nominee Contractor's nominee or such replacement as each Party may notify to the other from time to time
	Named Specialists (Unless one of the first two options is selected by deletion of the other entries, Supplemental Provision 9 does not apply.)	Supplemental Provision 9: * applies in respect of both Pre-Named Specialist Work and Post-Named Specialist Work/ * applies in respect of Pre-Named Specialist Work only/ * does not apply
Article 8	Arbitration (If neither entry is deleted, Article 8 and Schedule Part 1 apply. If disputes and differences are to be determined by legal proceedings and not by arbitration, it <u>must</u> be stated that Article 8 and Schedule Part 1 do not apply.) ^[15]	* Article 8 and Schedule Part 1 (<i>Arbitration</i>) apply/do not apply
2.2	Works commencement date	_____ 20 _____
2.2	Date for Completion	_____ 20 _____ or such later date for completion as is fixed under clause 2.7
2.8	Liquidated damages	at the rate of £ _____ per _____ ^[16]
2.10	Rectification Period (The period is 3 months unless a different period is stated.)	_____ months ^[17] from the date of practical completion

[15] On factors to be taken into account by the Parties in considering whether disputes are to be determined by arbitration or by legal proceedings, see the Guidance Notes. See also footnote [11].

[16] Insert 'day', 'week' or other period.

[17] An insertion is needed here only if the default position is not to apply. If no retention is required, insert '100' in the percentage entries for clause 5.3.

5.3	Interim payments – Interim Valuation Dates ^[18] <i>(Unless otherwise stated, the first Interim Valuation Date is one month after the Works commencement date specified in these Particulars (against the reference to clause 2.2) and thereafter at monthly intervals.)</i>	The first Interim Valuation Date is _____ 20 _____ and thereafter at intervals of _____
5.3	Payments due prior to practical completion – percentage of the total value of work etc. <i>(The percentage is 95 per cent unless a different rate is stated.)</i>	_____ per cent ^[17]
5.3	Payments becoming due on or after practical completion – percentage of the total amount to be paid to the Contractor <i>(The percentage is 97½ per cent unless a different rate is stated.)</i>	_____ per cent ^[17]
5.3 and 5.8	Fluctuations provision <i>(Unless another provision or entry is selected, Schedule 2 applies.)</i>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> * Schedule Part 2 (Contribution, levy and tax changes) applies/ * no fluctuations provision applies/ * the following fluctuations provision applies _____ _____
5.3 and 5.8	Percentage addition for Schedule Part 2 (paragraph 13) (if applicable)	_____ per cent
5.8.1	Supply of documentation for computation of amount to be finally certified <i>(The period is 3 months unless a different period is stated.)</i>	_____ months ^[17] from the date of practical completion
6.3	Contractor's Public Liability insurance: injury to persons or property – the required level of cover is not less than	£10,000,000 _____ — for any one occurrence or series of occurrences arising out of one event
6.4A, 6.4B and 6.4C	Insurance of the Works etc. – alternative provisions ^[19]	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> * Clause 6.4A (<i>Works insurance by Contractor in Joint Names</i>) applies/ * Clause 6.4B (<i>Works and existing structures insurance by Employer in Joint Names</i>) applies/ * Clause 6.4C (<i>Works and existing structures insurance by other means</i>) applies

[18] The first Interim Valuation Date should not be more than one month after the Works commencement date and the intervals between Interim Valuation Dates should not be more than one month.

[19] As to choice of applicable insurance provisions, see the Guidance Notes. Where there are existing structures, it is vital that any prospective Employer – in particular any Employer who is a tenant or a domestic homeowner – who is not familiar with clause 6.4B and the possible solutions under clause 6.4C, or an appropriate member of their professional team, should consult the Employer's insurance advisers prior to the tender stage. Any Employer who is a tenant should also consult his insuring landlord prior to that stage.

6.4A and 6.4B	Percentage to cover professional fees (If no other percentage is stated, it shall be 15 per cent.)	_____ per cent
6.4C	Insurance arrangements – details of the required policy or policies	are set out in the following document(s) _____ _____ _____
8.2	Adjudication ^[20] Nominating body – where no Adjudicator is named or where the named Adjudicator is unwilling or unable to act (whenever that is established) ^[21] (Where an Adjudicator is not named and a nominating body has not been selected, the nominating body shall be one of the bodies listed opposite selected by the Party requiring the reference to adjudication.)	The Adjudicator is _____ * Royal Incorporation of Architects in Scotland * The Royal Institution of Chartered Surveyors in Scotland * Scottish Building Federation Association * Association of Independent Construction Adjudicators ^[22]
8.3 and Schedule Part 1 (paragraph 2.1)	Arbitration ^[23] – appointor of Arbitrator (and of any replacement) ^[24]	The appointor shall be: * Chairman or Vice Chairman of the Board of the Scottish Building Contract Committee Limited * _____

[20] The Parties should either name the Adjudicator and select the nominating body or, alternatively, select only the nominating body. The Adjudication Agreement (Adj/Scot) and the Adjudication Agreement (Named Adjudicator) (Adj/N/Scot) have been prepared by SBCC for use when appointing an Adjudicator.

[21] Delete all but one of the nominating bodies asterisked.

[22] Association of Independent Construction Adjudicators is controlled by and acts as an agent of the National Specialist Contractors' Council for the purpose of the nomination of adjudicators.

[23] This applies unless the Contract Particulars state (against the reference to Article 8) that Article 8 and Schedule Part 1 (*Arbitration*) do not apply.

[24] The Chairman or Vice Chairman of the Board of the Scottish Building Contract Committee Limited will appoint unless struck out and replaced by another appointor.

Arbitration
 The following default rules do not apply. ^[25]

List the default rules that do not apply

In witness whereof^[26] these presents consisting of this and the [] preceding pages, together with the Schedule annexed, (under declaration that the insertion of the names and addresses of the said Parties, the insertions of details into the Recitals, Articles and Contract Particulars, the alteration to clauses [] and the deletion of clauses [] and^[27] which are initialled by the Parties were made prior to the subscription of this Agreement by the Parties,) are subscribed as follows:

They are subscribed [for and on behalf of] ^[28] [by]^[29] the said Employer by

_____ (sign)

_____ (print name in full)^[30]

_____ (position/authority)^[30]

at ^[31] _____ on ^[32] _____

Which subscription is witnessed by

_____ *witness signature*

[33]

_____ *witness name*

[34]

_____ *witness address*

^[25] The Arbitration (Scotland) Act 2010 introduces, by section 7, the Scottish Arbitration Rules. These contain mandatory and default rules. Parties should consider whether and to what extent they wish the default rules to apply. These automatically apply unless Parties agree otherwise by listing those to be disapplied, in whole or in part, in the Contract Particulars.

^[26] Refer to the Guidance Notes.

^[27] Insert details of any other alterations or deletions

^[28] Delete when subscription by party signing on own behalf

^[29] Delete when subscription on behalf of party

^[30] Enter full name of person subscribing including middle names; where signing on behalf of party, capacity of person signing should be added after signature (where on behalf of a company 'director' or 'company secretary', a partnership 'partner', and an LLP 'member' 'of said party'); where any other form of execution is being considered, or where party is any other corporate body, legal advice should be sought

^[31] Enter location of place of signing

^[32] Enter date of signing

^[33] Enter full name of witness including middle name

^[34] Enter address of witness

They are subscribed [for and on behalf of]^[28] [by]^[29] the said Contractor by

_____ (sign)

_____ (print name in full)^[30]

_____ (position/authority)^[30]

at ^[31] _____ on ^[32] _____

Which subscription is witnessed by

witness signature

[33]

witness name

[34]

witness address

Conditions

Section 1 Definitions and Interpretation

Definitions

- 1.1 Unless the context otherwise requires or the Agreement or these Conditions specifically provide otherwise, words and phrases defined in the Agreement shall have the same meanings in these Conditions and the following words and phrases, where they appear in capitalised form in these Conditions, shall have the meanings stated or referred to below:

<i>Word or phrase</i>	<i>Meaning</i>
Agreement:	The Agreement to which these Conditions are incorporated by reference including its Recitals, Articles and Contract Particulars.
All Risks Insurance ^[35] :	insurance which provides cover against any physical loss or damage to work executed and Site Materials and against the reasonable cost of the removal and disposal of debris and of any shoring and propping of the Works which results from such physical loss or damage but excluding the cost necessary to repair, replace or rectify: <ul style="list-style-type: none">(a) property which is defective due to:<ul style="list-style-type: none">(i) wear and tear,(ii) obsolescence, or(iii) deterioration, rust or mildew;(b) any work executed or any Site Materials lost or damaged as a result of its own defect in design, plan, specification, material or workmanship or any other work executed which is lost or damaged in consequence thereof where such work relied for its support or stability on such work which was defective^[36],(c) loss or damage caused by or arising from:<ul style="list-style-type: none">(i) any consequence of war, invasion, act of foreign enemy, hostilities (whether war be declared or not), civil war, rebellion, revolution, insurrection, military or usurped power, confiscation, commandeering, nationalisation or requisition or loss or destruction of or damage to any property by or under the order of any government <i>de jure</i> or <i>de facto</i> or public, municipal or local authority,

[35] The definition of All Risks Insurance defines the risks for which insurance is required. Policies issued by insurers are not standardised and the way in which insurance for those risks is expressed varies.

[36] In any policy for All Risks Insurance taken out under clause 6.4A or 6.4B.2, cover should not be reduced by any exclusion that goes beyond the terms of paragraph (b) in this definition. For example, an exclusion in terms that 'This Policy excludes all loss of or damage to the property insured due to defective design, plan, specification, materials or workmanship' would not be in accordance with the terms of those insurance clauses or of that definition. Wider All Risks cover than that specified may be available, though it is not standard.

	(ii) disappearance or shortage if such disappearance or shortage is only revealed when an inventory is made or is not traceable to an identifiable event, or
	(iii) an Excepted Risk.
Article:	an article in the Agreement .
Business Day:	any day which is not a Saturday, a Sunday or a Public Holiday in Scotland.
CDM Regulations:	the Construction (Design and Management) Regulations 2015.
Conditions:	the clauses set out in sections 1 to 8, together with and including the Schedule hereto.
Construction Industry Scheme (or 'CIS'):	see the Fourth Recital .
Construction Phase Plan:	the plan referred to in Regulation 2 of the CDM Regulations, including any updates and revisions.
Contract Particulars:	the particulars in the Agreement and there described as such, including the entries made by the Parties.
Contractor's Persons:	the Contractor's employees and agents, all other persons employed or engaged on or in connection with the Works or any part of them and any other person properly on the site in connection therewith, excluding the Architect/Contract Administrator, the Quantity Surveyor, the Employer, Employer's Persons and any Statutory Undertaker.
Employer's Persons:	all persons employed, engaged or authorised by the Employer, excluding the Contractor, Contractor's Persons, the Architect/Contract Administrator and any Statutory Undertaker.
Excepted Risks:	ionising radiations or contamination by radioactivity from any nuclear fuel or from any nuclear waste from the combustion of nuclear fuel, radioactive toxic explosive or other hazardous properties of any explosive nuclear assembly or nuclear component thereof, pressure waves caused by aircraft or other aerial devices travelling at sonic or supersonic speeds.
Interest Rate:	a rate 5% per annum above the official bank rate of the Bank of England current at the date that a payment due under this Contract becomes overdue.
Interim Valuation Date:	each date as specified by the Contract Particulars (against the reference to clause 5.3).
Joint Names Policy:	a policy of insurance which includes the Employer and the Contractor as composite insured and under which the insurers have no right of recourse against any person named as an insured, or recognised as an insured thereunder.
Local or Public Authority:	a body that is a 'contracting authority' as defined by the Procurement Act as modified by the Scottish Ministers
Measurement Rules	the RICS New Rules of Measurement-Detailed Measurement for Building Works (NRM2), in the form published at the Base date, unless otherwise stated in the Contract [Bills/Documents].
Named Specialist:	see Supplemental Provision 9, paragraph 9.1
Named Specialist Work:	Pre-Named Specialist Work or Post-Named Specialist Work
Parties:	the Employer and the Contractor together.

Party:	either the Employer or the Contractor.
PC (Scotland) Regulations:	the Public Contracts (Scotland) Regulations 2015.
Post-Named Specialist Work:	see Supplemental Provision 9, paragraph 9.1.2
Pre-Named Specialist Work:	see Supplemental Provision 9, paragraph 9.1.1
Procurement Act:	the Procurement Reform (Scotland) Act 2014
Provisional Sum:	includes a sum provided for work that the Employer may or may not decide to have carried out, or which cannot be accurately specified in the Contract Documents.
Public Holiday:	Christmas Day, Good Friday or a day which under the Banking and Financial Dealings Act 1971 is a bank holiday in Scotland. ^[37]
Recitals:	the recitals in the Agreement .
Rectification Period:	the period stated as such period in the Contract Particulars (against the reference to clause 2.10).
Schedule:	the schedule to the Agreement
Scheme:	Part 1 of the Schedule to The Scheme for Construction Contracts (Scotland) Regulations 1998 as amended
Scottish Arbitration Rules	see the Schedule Part 1
Site Materials:	all unfixed materials and goods delivered to and placed on or adjacent to the Works which are intended for incorporation therein.
Specified Perils:	fire, lightning, explosion, storm, flood, escape of water from any water tank, apparatus or pipe, earthquake, aircraft and other aerial devices or articles dropped therefrom, riot and civil commotion, but excluding Excepted Risks.
Statutory Requirements:	any statute, statutory instrument, regulation, rule or order made under any statute or directive having the force of law which affects the Works or performance of any obligations under this Contract and any regulation or bye-law of any local authority or statutory undertaker which has any jurisdiction with regard to the Works or with whose systems the Works are, or are to be, connected.
Statutory Undertaker:	any local authority or statutory undertaker where executing work solely in pursuance of its statutory obligations, including any persons employed, engaged or authorised by it upon or in connection with that work.
Tribunal:	shall have the same meaning as in the Arbitration (Scotland) Act 2010
VAT:	Value Added Tax.
Works Insurance Policy:	the Joint Names Policy or policies covering the Works and Site Materials to be effected and maintained under whichever of clauses 6.4A, 6.4B and 6.4C applies.

Agreement etc. to be read as a whole

- 1.2** The Agreement and these Conditions are to be read as a whole. Nothing contained in the Contract Drawings, the Contract Specification or the Work Schedules, nor anything in any Framework Agreement, shall override or modify the Agreement or these Conditions.

^[37] Amend as necessary if different Public Holidays are applicable.

Headings, references to persons, legislation etc.

1.3 In the Agreement and these Conditions, unless the context otherwise requires:

- .1 the headings, notes and footnotes are included for convenience only and shall not affect the interpretation of this Contract;
- .2 the singular includes the plural and vice versa;
- .3 a gender includes any other gender;
- .4 a reference to a 'person' includes any individual, firm, partnership, company and any other body corporate; and
- .5 a reference to a statute, statutory instrument or other subordinate legislation ('legislation') is to such legislation as amended and in force from time to time, including any legislation which re-enacts or consolidates it, with or without modification.

Reckoning periods of days

1.4 Where under this Contract an act is required to be done within a specified period of days after or from a specified date, the period shall begin immediately after that date. Where the period would include a day which is a Public Holiday in Scotland that day shall be excluded.

Third Party Rights

1.5 Notwithstanding any other provision of this Contract, nothing in this Contract confers or is intended to confer any right to enforce any of its terms on any person who is not a party to it.

Notices and other communications

- 1.6**
- .1 Each notice, instruction or other communication referred to in the Agreement or these Conditions shall be in writing.
 - .2 Unless otherwise stated in these Conditions, any notice or other communication under this Contract may be given to or served on the recipient by any effective means at the address specified in the Agreement or such other address as he shall notify to the other Party. If no such address is then current, the notice or other communication shall be treated as effectively given or served if addressed and sent by pre-paid post to the recipient's last known principal business address or (where a body corporate) its registered or principal office.

Consents and approvals

- 1.7**
- .1 Where consent or approval of either Party or the Architect/Contract Administrator is expressly required under these Conditions and is requested, then, except as provided in clause 1.7.2, such consent or approval shall not be unreasonably delayed or withheld.
 - .2 In the following cases the giving of consent or approval shall be at the sole discretion of the Party from whom it is sought and clause 1.7.1 shall not apply, namely the Employer's consent under clause 2.10 and either Party's consent under clause 4.1.

Applicable law

1.8 This Contract shall be governed by and construed in accordance with the law of Scotland.^[38]

[38] Where the Parties do not wish the law applicable to this Contract to be the law of Scotland appropriate amendments should be made.

Section 2

Carrying out the Works

Contractor's obligations

- 2.1 .1 The Contractor shall carry out and complete the Works in a proper and workmanlike manner and in compliance with the Contract Documents, the Construction Phase Plan and Statutory Requirements, and shall give all notices required by the Statutory Requirements.
- .2 Insofar as the quality of materials or standards of workmanship are stated to be a matter for the Architect/Contract Administrator's approval, such quality and standards shall be to his reasonable satisfaction.
- .3 The Contractor shall take all reasonable steps to encourage Contractor's Persons to be registered cardholders under the Construction Skills Certification Scheme (CSCS) or qualified under an equivalent recognised qualification scheme.

Commencement and completion

- 2.2 The Works may be commenced on and shall be completed by the respective dates stated in the Contract Particulars.

Architect/Contract Administrator's duties

- 2.3 The Architect/Contract Administrator shall issue any further information and instructions necessary for the proper carrying out of the Works and all certificates required by these Conditions.

Correction of inconsistencies

- 2.4 Any inconsistency in or between the Contract Drawings, the Contract Specification and the Work Schedules shall be corrected and any such correction which results in an addition, omission or other change shall be treated as a variation under clause 4.6.1.

Divergences from Statutory Requirements

- 2.5 .1 If the Contractor becomes aware of any divergence between the Statutory Requirements and the Contract Documents or between the Statutory Requirements and any instruction from the Architect/Contract Administrator, he shall immediately notify the latter, specifying the divergence.
- .2 Provided the Contractor is not in breach of clause 2.5.1, the Contractor shall not be liable under this Contract if the Works do not comply with the Statutory Requirements to the extent that the non-compliance results from the Contractor having carried out work in accordance with the Contract Documents or the Architect/Contract Administrator's instructions.

Fees or charges legally demandable

- 2.6 The Contractor shall pay any fees or charges (including any rates or taxes) legally demandable under any of the Statutory Requirements. Such fees and charges shall not be reimbursable to the Contractor by the Employer unless otherwise agreed.

Extension of time

- 2.7 If it becomes apparent that the Works will not be completed by the Date for Completion as stated in the Contract Particulars or as later fixed under this clause 2.7, the Contractor shall thereupon notify the Architect/Contract Administrator. Where that delay occurs for reasons beyond the control of the Contractor, including a Named Specialist being or becoming insolvent or compliance with Architect/Contract Administrator's instructions that are not occasioned by a default of the Contractor, the Architect/Contract Administrator shall give such extension of time for completion as may be reasonable and notify the Parties accordingly. Such Architect/Contract Administrator's instructions include those in respect of any notification of reasonable objections under Supplemental Provision 9, paragraph 9.4. Reasons within the control of the Contractor include any default of the Contractor, of any Contractor's Person or of any of their respective suppliers of goods or materials for the Works.

Damages for non-completion

- 2.8** .1 If the Works are not completed by the Date for Completion as stated in the Contract Particulars or as later fixed under clause 2.7, the Employer may require the Contractor to pay or allow to the Employer liquidated damages at the rate stated in the Contract Particulars between such Date for Completion and the date of practical completion.
- .2 Subject to clause 2.8.3, the Employer may deduct the liquidated damages from any sum due to the Contractor under this Contract (provided a notice of that deduction has been given under clause 5.5.4) or recover those damages from the Contractor as a debt.
- .3 If the Employer intends to deduct any such damages from the sum stated as due in the final certificate or thereafter recover them as a debt, he shall additionally notify the Contractor of that intention not later than the date of issue of the final certificate.

Practical completion

- 2.9** The Architect/Contract Administrator shall certify the date when in his opinion the Works have reached practical completion and the Contractor has complied sufficiently with clause 4.9 in respect of the supply of documents and information.

Defects

- 2.10** If any defects, shrinkages or other faults in the Works appear within the Rectification Period due to materials, goods or workmanship not in accordance with this Contract the Architect/Contract Administrator shall not later than 14 days after the expiry of the Rectification Period notify the Contractor who shall make good such defects, shrinkages or other faults entirely at his own cost unless the Architect/Contract Administrator with the Employer's consent instructs otherwise. If he instructs otherwise, an appropriate deduction may be made from the Contract Sum.

Certificate of making good

- 2.11** When in his opinion the Contractor's obligations under clause 2.10 have been discharged, the Architect/Contract Administrator shall forthwith issue a certificate specifying the date they were discharged.

Section 3

Contract Bills (Optional Section)

Preparation of Contract Bills

- 3.1** The Contract Bills, unless otherwise specifically stated therein in respect of any specified item or items, have been prepared in accordance with the Measurement Rules produced by the Royal Institution of Chartered Surveyors.

Contract Bills – errors and inadequacy

- 3.2** .1 If in the Contract Bills there is any unstated departure from the method of preparation referred to in clause 3.1 or any error in description or in quantity or any omission of items (including any error in or omission of information in any item which is the subject of a Provisional Sum for defined work), the departure, error or omission shall not vitiate this Contract but shall be corrected. Where the description of a Provisional Sum for defined work does not provide the information required by the Measurement Rules the description shall be corrected so that it does provide that information
- .2 Subject to clause 2.5 any correction, alteration or modification under clause 3.2.1 shall be treated as Variations in accordance with clauses 4.6 and 4.7.

Notification of discrepancies etc.

- 3.3** If the Contractor finds any such departure, error, omission or inadequacy as is referred to in clause 3.2 or any other discrepancy or divergence in or between any of the following documents, namely:

- .1 the Contract Drawings;
- .2 the Contract Bills; and
- .3 any instruction issued by the Architect/Contract Administrator under these Conditions (save insofar as it is an instruction requiring a Variation)

he shall immediately give written notice with appropriate details to the Architect/Contract Administrator, who shall issue instructions in that regard.

Section 4 Control of the Works

Assignment

- 4.1** Neither the Employer nor the Contractor shall, without the consent of the other, assign this Contract or any rights thereunder.

Person-in-charge

- 4.2** The Contractor shall ensure that at all reasonable times he has on the site a competent person in charge. Any instructions given to that person by the Architect/Contract Administrator shall be deemed to have been issued to the Contractor.

Sub-contracting

- 4.3**
- .1 The Contractor shall not without the Architect/Contract Administrator's consent sub-contract the whole or any part of the Works. In no case shall any such consent or any sub-contracting in any way affect the Contractor's obligations under any other provision of this Contract.
 - .2 Where considered appropriate, the Contractor shall engage the sub-contractor using the SBCC Short Form of Sub-Contract. It shall be a condition of any sub-contract that:
 - .1 the sub-contractor's employment under the sub-contract shall terminate immediately upon the termination (for any reason) of the Contractor's employment under this Contract;
 - .2 each party to the sub-contract shall in relation to the Works and the site comply with applicable CDM Regulations; and
 - .3 if by a final date for payment under the sub-contract the Contractor fails to pay the sub-contractor any amount that should properly have been paid, the Contractor shall, in addition to that amount, pay simple interest on it at the Interest Rate for the period from the final date for payment until such payment is made, such payment of interest to be on and subject to terms equivalent to those of clause 5.6 of these Conditions.

Architect/Contract Administrator's instructions

- 4.4** The Architect/Contract Administrator may issue instructions and the Contractor shall forthwith comply with them. If instructions are given orally, they shall not have effect until the Architect/Contract Administrator confirms them in writing.

Non-compliance with instructions

- 4.5** If within 7 days after receipt of a notice from the Architect/Contract Administrator requiring compliance with an instruction the Contractor does not comply, the Employer may employ and pay other persons to execute work of any kind that may be necessary to give effect to that instruction. The Contractor shall be liable for all additional costs incurred by the Employer in connection with such employment and an appropriate deduction may be made from the Contract Sum.

Variations

- 4.6** .1 The Architect/Contract Administrator may without invalidating this Contract issue instructions requiring an addition to, omission from, or other change in the Works or the order or manner in which they are to be carried out (a 'variation').
- .2 The Architect/Contract Administrator and the Contractor shall endeavour to agree a price prior to the Contractor carrying out the instruction.
- .3 Failing agreement under clause 4.6.2, any instructions for a variation and any matters that are to be treated as a variation shall be valued by the Architect/Contract Administrator on a fair and reasonable basis using any relevant prices in the priced Contract Specification/Work Schedules/Schedule of Rates/Contract Bills (if applicable), and the valuation shall include any direct loss and/or expense incurred by the Contractor due to the regular progress of the Works being affected by compliance with the instruction.

Provisional Sums

- 4.7** The Architect/Contract Administrator shall issue instructions in regard to the expenditure of any Provisional Sums included in the Contract Documents; failing agreement on price, such instructions shall be valued on the basis set out in clause 4.6.3.

Exclusion from the Works

- 4.8** The Architect/Contract Administrator may (but shall not unreasonably or vexatiously) issue instructions requiring the exclusion from the site of any person employed thereon.

CDM Regulations

- 4.9** Each Party undertakes to the other that in relation to the Works and site he will duly comply with applicable CDM Regulations. In particular but without limitation:
- .1 the Employer shall ensure that the Principal Designer carries out his duties and, where the Contractor is not the Principal Contractor, shall ensure that the Principal Contractor carries out his duties under those regulations;
- .2 the Contractor shall comply with regulations 8 and 15 and, where he is the Principal Contractor, with regulations 12 to 14;^[39]
- .3 whether or not the Contractor is the Principal Contractor, compliance by the Contractor with his duties under the regulations, including any such directions as are referred to in regulation 15(3), shall be at no cost to the Employer and shall not entitle the Contractor to an extension of time; and
- .4 if the Employer appoints a replacement for the Principal Designer or Principal Contractor, the Employer shall immediately upon that appointment notify the Contractor with details of the new appointee.

[39] Where the Employer is a domestic client, as defined in regulation 2, the Principal Contractor may also be responsible for carrying out certain of the client's duties under regulations 4, 6 and 8.

VAT

- 5.1 The Contract Sum is exclusive of VAT and in relation to any payment to the Contractor under this Contract, the Employer shall in addition pay the amount of any VAT properly chargeable in respect of it.

Construction Industry Scheme (CIS)

- 5.2 If the Employer is or at any time up to the payment of the final certificate becomes a 'contractor' for the purposes of the CIS^[40], his obligation to make any payment under this Contract is subject to the provisions of the CIS.

Interim payments – dates and certificates

- 5.3 During the period up to the due date for the final payment fixed under clause 5.8.1, the due dates for interim payments to the Contractor shall in each case be the date 7 days after the relevant Interim Valuation Date. Not later than 5 days after each due date the Architect/Contract Administrator shall issue an interim certificate for the applicable percentage, as stated in the Contract Particulars, of what he considers to be the total value at the due date of:

- .1 work properly executed, adjusted where relevant for any amounts ascertained or agreed under clause 4.6, 4.7 or 5.7; and
- .2 materials and goods reasonably and properly brought on to the site for the purpose of the Works that are adequately protected against weather and other casualties.

in both cases calculated as at the Interim Valuation Date and adjusted for any fluctuations provision that is stated by the Contract Particulars to apply, less the total of sums stated as due to the Contractor in previous interim certificates, any sums paid in respect of any payment notice given by the Contractor after the issue of the latest interim certificate and, if applicable, any deduction under clause 2.10 or 4.5. The certificate shall state the sum due from the Employer and the basis on which that sum has been calculated, including the amount of each adjustment. Subject to clause 5.5.3, the final date for payment of each interim payment shall be 14 days from its due date.

Contractor's applications and payment notices

- 5.4
- .1 In relation to any interim payment the Contractor may not later than its Interim Valuation Date or, in the case of the final payment, may at any time prior to issue of the final certificate make an application to the Architect/Contract Administrator, stating the sum that the Contractor considers to be due to him at the relevant due date in accordance with clause 5.3 or 5.8 and the basis on which that sum has been calculated.
 - .2 If a certificate is not issued in accordance with clause 5.3 or 5.8, then:
 - .1 where the Contractor has made an application for that payment in accordance with clause 5.4.1, that application is for the purposes of these Conditions a payment notice; or
 - .2 where the Contractor has not made such an application, he may at any time after the 5 day period referred to in clause 5.3 or 5.8.2 give a payment notice to the Architect/Contract Administrator, stating the sum that the Contractor considers to have become due to him under clauses 5.3 or 5.8 at the relevant due date and the basis on which that sum has been calculated.

[40] See the Contract Particulars (Fourth Recital and clause 5.2).

Payments – amount and notices

- 5.5** .1 Subject to any notice given by the paying Party under clause 5.5.4, the paying Party shall pay the sum stated as due in the relevant certificate on or before the final date for payment under clause 5.3 or 5.8.
- .2 If that certificate is not issued in accordance with clause 5.3 or 5.8 but a Contractor's payment notice has been or is then given, the Employer shall, subject to any notice subsequently given by him under clause 5.5.4, pay the Contractor the sum stated as due in the Contractor's payment notice.
- .3 Where the Contractor gives a payment notice under clause 5.4.2.2, the final date for payment of the sum specified in it shall for all purposes be regarded as postponed by the same number of days as the number of days after expiry of the 5 day period referred to in clause 5.4.2.2 that the Contractor's payment notice is given.
- .4 Where:
- .1 the Employer intends to pay less than the sum stated as due from him in a certificate or, where applicable, the Contractor's payment notice; or
- .2 if the final certificate shows a balance due to the Employer, the Contractor intends to pay less than the sum stated as due,
- the Party by whom the payment is stated to be payable shall not later than 5 days before the final date for payment give the other Party notice of that intention (a 'pay less notice'), stating the sum (if any) that he considers to be due to the other Party at the date the pay less notice is given and the basis on which that sum has been calculated. Where a pay less notice is given, the payment to be made on or before the final date for payment shall not be less than the amount stated in it as due.
- .5 A pay less notice to be given by the Employer under clause 5.5.4 may be given on his behalf by the Architect/Contract Administrator or by any other person who the Employer notifies the Contractor as being authorised to do so.
- .6 In relation to the requirements for the issue of certificates and the giving of notices under section 5, it is immaterial that the amount then considered to be due may be zero.

Failure to pay amount due

- 5.6** .1 If either Party fails to pay a sum, or any part of it, due to the other Party under these Conditions by its final date for payment, he shall, in addition to any unpaid amount that should properly have been paid, pay the other Party simple interest on that amount at the Interest Rate for the period from the final date for payment until payment is made.
- .2 Any such unpaid amount and any interest under clause 5.6.1 shall be recoverable as a debt. Acceptance of a payment of interest shall not in any circumstances be construed as a waiver either of the recipient's right to proper payment of the principal amount due or of the Contractor's rights to suspend performance under clause 5.7 or terminate his employment under section 7.

Contractor's right of suspension

- 5.7** .1 If the Employer fails to pay a sum payable to the Contractor in accordance with clause 5.5 (together with any VAT properly chargeable in respect of that payment) by the final date for payment and the failure continues for 7 days after the Contractor has given notice to the Employer, with a copy to the Architect/Contract Administrator, of his intention to suspend performance of his obligations under this Contract and the grounds for such suspension, the Contractor, without affecting his other rights and remedies, may suspend performance of any or all of those obligations until payment is made in full.
- .2 Where the Contractor exercises his right of suspension under clause 5.7.1, he shall be entitled to a reasonable amount in respect of costs and expenses reasonably incurred by him as a result of exercising the right.

- .3 Applications in respect of any such costs and expenses shall be made to the Architect/Contract Administrator and the Contractor shall with his application or on request submit such details of them as are reasonably necessary for ascertaining the amount in question. When ascertained or agreed, the amount shall be included in the next interim certificate.

Final certificate and final payment

- 5.8** .1 Following practical completion the Contractor shall within the period stated in the Contract Particulars supply to the Architect/Contract Administrator all documentation reasonably required for computation of the final payment. The due date for the final payment shall be 28 days after either the date of receipt of the documentation or, if later, the date specified in the certificate under clause 2.11.
- .2 Not later than 5 days after that due date the Architect/Contract Administrator shall issue a final certificate which shall state:
- .1 the Contract Sum, as adjusted for the amounts referred to in clause 5.3.1, any fluctuations provision that applies and any deductions made under clause 2.10 or 4.5; and
- .2 the sum of amounts stated as due in interim certificates plus any amount paid in respect of any Contractor's payment notice in accordance with clause 5.5 that is not reflected in a subsequent certificate,
- and (without affecting the rights of the Contractor in respect of any interim payment not paid in full by the Employer by its final date for payment) the final payment shall be the difference (if any) between the two sums, which shall be shown in the certificate as a balance due to the Contractor from the Employer or vice versa. The certificate shall state the basis on which that amount has been calculated, including the amount of each adjustment.
- .3 Subject to clause 5.5.3, the final date for payment of the final payment shall be 14 days from its due date.

Fixed price and fluctuations provisions

- 5.9** Subject to clauses 4.6, 4.7 and 5.7 and any fluctuations provision that is stated by the Contract Particulars (for clauses 5.3 and 5.8) to apply, no account shall be taken in any payment to the Contractor under this Contract of any change in the cost to the Contractor of the labour, materials, plant and other resources employed in carrying out the Works.

Loss and Expense

Matters materially affecting regular progress

- 5.10** .1 If in the execution of the Contract the Contractor incurs or is likely to incur any direct loss and/or expense because regular progress of the Works or any part of them has been or is likely to be materially affected by Architect/Contract Administrators instructions :
- .1 in respect of any notification of reasonable objections under Supplemental Provision 9, paragraph 9.4; or
- .2 given under Supplemental Provision 9, paragraph 9.5 where a Named Specialist is insolvent ,
- he shall, subject to clause 5.11 be entitled to reimbursement of that loss and/or expense.
- .2 No such entitlement arises where these Conditions provide that there shall be no such addition to the Contract Sum or otherwise exclude the operation of clause 5.10 or to the extent that the Contractor is reimbursed for such loss and/or expense under another provision of these Conditions.

Notification and ascertainment

- 5.11**
- .1 The Contractor shall notify the Architect/Contract Administrator as soon as the likely effect of an instruction in respect of the matters referred to in clause 5.10.1.1 and 5.10.1.2 becomes (or should have become) reasonably apparent to him.
 - .2 That notification shall be accompanied by or, as soon as reasonably practicable, followed by the Contractor's initial assessment of the loss and/or expense incurred and any further amounts likely to be incurred, together with such information as is reasonably necessary to enable the Architect/Contract Administrator or Quantity Surveyor to ascertain the loss and/or expense incurred.
 - .3 The Contractor shall thereafter, in such form and manner as the Architect/Contract Administrator may reasonably require, update that assessment and information at monthly intervals until all information reasonably necessary to allow ascertainment of the total amount of such loss and expense has been supplied.
 - .4 Within 28 days of receipt of the initial assessment and information and 14 days of each subsequent update of them the Architect/Contract Administrator or Quantity Surveyor shall notify the Contractor of the ascertained amount of the loss and/or expense incurred, each ascertainment being made by reference to the information supplied by the Contractor and in sufficient detail to enable the Contractor to identify differences between it and the Contractor's assessment.

Section 6 Injury, Damage and Insurance

Contractor's liability – personal injury or death

- 6.1** The Contractor shall be liable for, and shall indemnify the Employer against, any expense, liability, loss, claim or proceedings whatsoever in respect of personal injury to or death of any person arising out of or in the course of or caused by the carrying out of the Works, except to the extent that the same is due to any act or neglect of the Employer, any Employer's Person or any Statutory Undertaker.

Contractor's liability – loss, injury or damage to property

- 6.2** Subject to clauses 6.2.1 to 6.2.3, the Contractor shall be liable for, and shall indemnify the Employer against, any expense, liability, loss, claim or proceedings in respect of any loss, injury or damage whatsoever to any property heritable or moveable (other than loss, injury or damage to the Works and/or Site Materials) in so far as such loss, injury or damage arises out of or in the course of or by reason of the carrying out of the Works and to the extent that the same is due to any negligence, breach of statutory duty, omission or default of the Contractor or any Contractor's Person. In respect of existing structures and their contents:
- .1 where clause 6.4B applies, the Contractor's liability and indemnity under this clause 6.2 also excludes any loss or damage to those existing structures or to any of their contents that are required to be insured under clause 6.4B.1 that is caused by any of the risks or perils required or agreed to be insured against under clause 6.4B;
 - .2 the exclusion in clause 6.2.1 shall apply notwithstanding that the loss or damage is or may be due in whole or in part to the negligence, breach of statutory duty, omission or default of the Contractor or any Contractor's Person; and
 - .3 where clause 6.4C applies, the Contractor's liability and indemnity under this clause 6.2 shall, in respect of loss, injury or damage to those existing structures and their contents due to the causes specified in clause 6.2, be subject to any limitations and exclusions specified in the insurance arrangements under clause 6.4C identified in the Contract Particulars.

Contractor's insurance of his liability

6.3 Without limiting or affecting his indemnities to the Employer under clauses 6.1 and 6.2, the Contractor shall effect and maintain (and shall cause any sub-contractor similarly to effect and maintain) insurance in respect of claims arising out of the liabilities referred to in those clauses which:

- .1 in respect of claims for personal injury to or the death of any employee of the Contractor arising out of and in the course of such person's employment, shall comply with all relevant legislation; and
- .2 for all other claims to which clause 6.3 applies^[41], shall indemnify the Employer in like manner to the Contractor, but only to the extent that the Contractor may be liable to indemnify the Employer under the terms of this Contract and shall for any one occurrence or series of occurrences arising out of one event be in a sum not less than that stated in the Contract Particulars for clause 6.3.

Joint Names Insurance of the Works by Contractor^{[42][43]}

6.4A If the Contract Particulars state that clause 6.4A applies, the Contractor shall effect and maintain with insurers approved by the Employer a Joint Names Policy for All Risks Insurance for the full reinstatement value of the Works (plus the percentage, if any, stated in the Contract Particulars to cover professional fees) and shall maintain such Joint Names Policy up to and including the date of issue of the practical completion certificate or, if earlier, the date of termination of the Contractor's employment.

Joint Names Insurance of the Works and existing structures by Employer^[43]

6.4B If the Contract Particulars state that clause 6.4B applies, the Employer shall effect and maintain:

- .1 a Joint Names Policy in respect of the existing structures together with the contents of them owned by him or for which he is responsible, for the full cost of reinstatement, repair or replacement of loss or damage due to any of the Specified Perils; and
- .2 a Joint Names Policy for All Risks Insurance for the full reinstatement value of the Works (plus the percentage, if any, stated in the Contract Particulars to cover professional fees),

and shall maintain such Joint Names Policies up to and including the date of issue of the practical completion certificate or, if earlier, the date of termination of the Contractor's employment.

Insurance of the Works and existing structures by other means^[43]

6.4C If the Contract Particulars state that clause 6.4C applies, the insurance arrangements identified by those particulars shall apply and each Party shall effect and maintain the policy or policies for which he is stated to be responsible or shall ensure that such policy or policies are effected and maintained, in each case in and on the specified terms.

Evidence of insurance

6.5 Where a Party is required by this Contract to effect and maintain an insurance policy or cover under any of clauses 6.3, 6.4A, 6.4B and 6.4C, or is responsible for ensuring that it is effected and maintained, that Party shall within 7 days of a request of the other Party supply such documentary evidence as the other Party may reasonably require that the policy or cover has been effected and remains in force.

[41] It should be noted that the cover granted under Public Liability policies taken out pursuant to clause 6.3 may not be fully co-extensive with the indemnity given to the Employer in clauses 6.1 and 6.2: for example, each claim may be subject to an excess and cover may not be available in respect of loss or damage due to gradual pollution.

[42] Where the Contractor has in force an All Risks Policy which insures the Works, this Policy may be used to provide the insurance required by clause 6.4A provided the Policy recognises the Employer as a composite insured in respect of the Works.

[43] As to choice of applicable insurance provisions, see the Guidance Notes.

Loss or damage – insurance claims and reinstatement

- 6.6** .1 If during the carrying out of the Works any loss or damage affecting any executed work or Site Materials is occasioned by any of the risks covered by the Works Insurance Policy or an Excepted Risk or there is any loss of or damage of any kind to any existing structure or its contents, the Contractor shall forthwith notify the Architect/Contract Administrator and the Employer.
- .2 Subject to clauses 6.6.5.1 and 6.6.6, the occurrence of such loss or damage to executed work or Site Materials shall be disregarded in calculating any amounts payable to the Contractor under this Contract.
- .3 The Contractor, for himself and his sub-contractors, shall authorise the insurers to pay to the Employer all monies from the Works Insurance Policy, and from any policies covering existing structures or their contents that are effected by the Employer.
- .4 Where loss or damage affecting executed work or Site Materials is occasioned by any risk covered by the Works Insurance Policy, the Contractor, after any inspection required by the insurers under that policy, shall and with due diligence restore the damaged work, replace or repair any lost or damaged Site Materials, remove and dispose of any debris (collectively 'reinstatement work') and proceed with the carrying out and completion of the Works.
- .5 Where clause 6.4A applies or where clause 6.4C applies and the Contractor is responsible for effecting the Works Insurance Policy:
- .1 the Employer shall pay all monies from such insurance to the Contractor by instalments under separate reinstatement work certificates issued by the Architect/Contract Administrator at the same dates as those for interim certificates under clause 5.3 but without deduction of Retention and less only the amounts referred to in clause 6.6.5.2;
- .2 the Employer may retain from those monies any amounts properly incurred by the Employer and notified by him to insurers in respect of professional fees up to the aggregate amount of the percentage cover for those fees or (if less) the amount paid by insurers in respect of those fees; and
- .3 in respect of reinstatement work, the Contractor shall not be entitled to any payment other than amounts received under the Works Insurance Policy.
- .6 Where clause 6.4B applies or where clause 6.4C applies and the Employer is responsible for effecting the Works Insurance Policy or where loss or damage is caused by an Excepted Risk, reinstatement work shall be treated as a variation under clause 4.6.

Loss or damage to existing structures – right of termination

- 6.7** If there is material loss of or damage to any existing structure, the Employer shall be under no obligation to reinstate that structure, but either Party may, if it is just and equitable, terminate the Contractor's employment under this Contract by notice given to the other within 28 days of the occurrence of that loss or damage. If such notice is given, then:
- .1 unless within 7 days of receiving the notice (or such longer period as may be agreed) the Party to whom it is given invokes a dispute resolution procedure of this Contract to determine whether the termination is just and equitable, it shall be deemed to be so; and
- .2 upon the giving of that notice or, where a dispute resolution procedure is invoked within that period, upon any final upholding of the notice, the provisions of clause 7.11 (except clause 7.11.2.3) shall apply.

Section 7

Termination

Meaning of insolvency

7.1 For the purposes of these Conditions:

- .1 a company becomes insolvent:
 - .1 when it enters administration within the meaning of Schedule B1 to the Insolvency Act 1986;
 - .2 on the appointment of an administrative receiver or a receiver or manager of its property under Chapter I of Part III of that Act, or the appointment of a receiver under Chapter II of that Part;
 - .3 on the passing of a resolution for voluntary winding-up without a declaration of solvency under section 89 of that Act; or
 - .4 on the making of a winding-up order under Part IV or V of that Act.
- .2 a partnership becomes insolvent:
 - .1 when sequestration is awarded on the estate of the partnership under the Bankruptcy (Scotland) Act 1985 (as amended) or the partnership grants a trust deed for its creditors.
- .3 an individual (to include a sole trader) becomes insolvent:
 - .1 on the sequestration of his estate under the Bankruptcy (Scotland) Act 1985 (as amended) or when he grants a trust deed for his creditors.
- .4 an individual (to include a sole trader) also becomes insolvent if:
 - .1 he enters into an arrangement, compromise or composition in satisfaction of his debts, including but not restricted to a Debt Payment Programme under the Debt Arrangement Scheme.

Each of clauses 7.1.1 to 7.1.4 also includes any analogous arrangement, event or proceedings in any other jurisdiction.

Notices under section 7

- 7.2**
- .1 Notice of termination of the Contractor's employment shall not be given unreasonably or vexatiously.
 - .2 Such termination shall take effect on receipt of the relevant notice.
 - .3 Each notice referred to in this section shall be delivered by hand or sent by Recorded Signed for or Special Delivery post. Where sent by post in that manner, it shall, subject to proof to the contrary, be deemed to have been received on the second Business Day after the date of posting.

Other rights, reinstatement

- 7.3**
- .1 The provisions of clauses 7.4 to 7.7 are without prejudice to any other rights and remedies of the Employer. The provisions of clauses 7.8 and 7.9 and (in the case of termination under either of those clauses) the provisions of clause 7.11, are without prejudice to any other rights and remedies of the Contractor.
 - .2 Irrespective of the grounds of termination, the Contractor's employment may at any time be reinstated if and on such terms as the Parties agree.

Default by Contractor

- 7.4** .1 If, before practical completion of the Works, the Contractor:
- .1 without reasonable cause wholly or substantially suspends the carrying out of the Works; or
 - .2 fails to proceed regularly and diligently with the Works; or
 - .3 fails to comply with clause 4.9,
- the Architect/Contract Administrator may give to the Contractor a notice specifying the default or defaults (a 'specified' default or defaults).
- .2 If the Contractor continues a specified default for 7 days from receipt of the notice under clause 7.4.1, the Employer may on, or within 10 days from, the expiry of that 7 day period by a further notice to the Contractor terminate the Contractor's employment under this Contract.

Insolvency of Contractor

- 7.5** .1 If the Contractor is insolvent, the Employer may at any time by notice to the Contractor terminate the Contractor's employment under this Contract.
- .2 As from the date the Contractor becomes insolvent, whether or not the Employer has given such notice of termination:
- .1 clauses 7.7.2 to 7.7.4 shall apply as if such notice had been given;
 - .2 the Contractor's obligations under Article 1 and these Conditions to carry out and complete the Works shall be suspended; and
 - .3 the Employer may take reasonable measures to ensure that the site, the Works and Site Materials are adequately protected and that such Site Materials are retained on site; the Contractor shall allow and shall not hinder or delay the taking of those measures.

Corruption and regulation 73(1)(b) of the PC (Scotland) Regulations

- 7.6** The Employer shall be entitled by notice to the Contractor to terminate the Contractor's employment, under this or any other contract with the Employer if, in relation to this or any other such contract, the Contractor or any person employed by him or acting on his behalf shall have committed an offence under the Bribery Act 2010, or, where the Employer is a Local or Public Authority, shall have given any fee or reward the receipt of which is an offence under sub-section (2) of section 66 of the Local Government (Scotland) Act 1973, or any re-enactment thereof, or, where this Contract is one to which regulation 73(1) of the PC (Scotland) Regulations applies, the circumstances set out in regulation 73(1)(b) of the PC (Scotland) Regulations apply.

Consequences of termination under clauses 7.4 to 7.6

- 7.7** If the Contractor's employment is terminated under clause 7.4, 7.5 or 7.6:
- .1 the Employer may employ and pay other persons to carry out and complete the Works, and he and they may enter upon and take possession of the site and the Works and (subject to obtaining any necessary third party consents) may use all temporary buildings, plant, tools, equipment and Site Materials for those purposes;
 - .2 no further sum shall become due to the Contractor under this Contract other than any amount that may become due to him under clause 7.7.4 and the Employer need not pay any sum that has already become due either:
 - .1 insofar as the Employer has given or gives a notice under clause 5.5.4; or
 - .2 if the Contractor, after the last date upon which such notice could have been given by the Employer in respect of that sum, has become insolvent within the meaning of clauses 7.1.1 to 7.1.3;

- .3 following the completion of the Works and the making good of defects in them (or of instructions otherwise, as referred to in clause 2.10), an account of the following shall within 3 months thereafter be set out in a certificate issued by the Architect/Contract Administrator or a statement prepared by the Employer:
 - .1 the amount of expenses properly incurred by the Employer, including those incurred pursuant to clause 7.7.1 and, where applicable, clause 7.5.2.3, and of any direct loss and/or damage caused to the Employer and for which the Contractor is liable, whether arising as a result of the termination or otherwise;
 - .2 the amount of payments made to the Contractor; and
 - .3 the total amount which would have been payable for the Works in accordance with this Contract;
- .4 If the sum of the amounts stated under clauses 7.7.3.1 and 7.7.3.2 exceeds the amount stated under clause 7.7.3.3, the difference shall be a debt payable by the Contractor to the Employer or, if that sum is less, by the Employer to the Contractor.

Default by Employer

- 7.8 .1 If the Employer:
 - .1 does not pay by the final date for payment the amount due to the Contractor in accordance with clause 5.5 and/or any VAT properly chargeable on that amount; or
 - .2 interferes with or obstructs the issue of any certificate due under this Contract; or
 - .3 fails to comply with clause 4.9,

the Contractor may give to the Employer a notice specifying the default or defaults (a 'specified' default or defaults).
- .2 If before practical completion of the Works the carrying out of the whole or substantially the whole of the uncompleted Works is suspended for a continuous period of one month or more by reason of:
 - .1 Architect/Contract Administrator's instructions under clause 4.6; and/or
 - .2 any impediment, prevention or default, whether by act or omission, by the Employer, the Architect/Contract Administrator or any Employer's Person

(but in either case excluding such instructions as are referred to in clause 7.10.1.2), then, unless in either case that is caused by the negligence or default of the Contractor or any Contractor's Person, the Contractor may give to the Employer a notice specifying the event or events (a 'specified' suspension event or events).
- .3 If a specified default or a specified suspension event continues for 7 days from the receipt of notice under clause 7.8.1 or 7.8.2, the Contractor may on, or within 10 days from, the expiry of that 7 day period by a further notice to the Employer terminate the Contractor's employment under this Contract.

Insolvency of Employer

- 7.9 .1 If the Employer is insolvent, the Contractor may by notice to the Employer terminate the Contractor's employment under this Contract; and
- .2 as from the date the Employer becomes insolvent, the Contractor's obligations under Article 1 and these Conditions to carry out and complete the Works shall be suspended.

Termination by either Party and regulations 73(1)(a) and 73(1)(c) of the PC (Scotland) Regulations

- 7.10** .1 If, before practical completion of the Works, the carrying out of the whole or substantially the whole of the uncompleted Works is suspended for the relevant continuous period of one month or more by reason of one or more of the following events:
- .1 force majeure;
 - .2 Architect/Contract Administrator's instructions under clause 4.6 issued as a result of the negligence or default of any Statutory Undertaker;
 - .3 loss or damage to the Works occasioned by any risk covered by the Works Insurance Policy or by an Excepted Risk;
 - .4 civil commotion or the use or threat of terrorism and/or the activities of the relevant authorities in dealing with such event or threat; or
 - .5 the exercise by the Scottish or United Kingdom Government, in respect of matters reserved to it, or any Local or Public Authority of any statutory power that is not occasioned by a default of the Contractor or any Contractor's Person but which directly affects the execution of the Works,
- then either Party, subject to clause 7.10.2, may upon the expiry of that relevant period of suspension give notice to the other that, unless the suspension ceases within 7 days after the date of receipt of that notice, he may terminate the Contractor's employment under this Contract. Failing such cessation within that 7 day period, he may then by further notice terminate that employment.
- .2 The Contractor shall not be entitled to give notice under clause 7.10.1 in respect of the matter referred to in clause 7.10.1.3 where the loss or damage to the Works was caused by the negligence or default of the Contractor or any Contractor's Person.
- .3 Where this Contract is one to which regulation 73(1) of the PC (Scotland) Regulations applies the Employer shall be entitled by notice to the Contractor to terminate the Contractor's employment under this Contract where the grounds set out in regulation 73(1)(a) or 73(1)(c) of the PC (Scotland) Regulations apply.

Consequences of termination under clauses 7.8 to 7.10

- 7.11** If the Contractor's employment is terminated under any of clauses 7.8 to 7.10 or under clause 6.7:
- .1 no further sums shall become due to the Contractor otherwise than in accordance with this clause 7.11;
 - .2 the Contractor shall as soon as reasonably practicable prepare an account. The account shall set out the amounts referred to in clauses 7.11.2.1 and 7.11.2.2 and, if applicable, clause 7.11.2.3, namely:
 - .1 the total value of work properly executed at the date of termination of the Contractor's employment, ascertained in accordance with these Conditions as if the employment had not been terminated, together with any other amounts due to the Contractor under these Conditions;
 - .2 the cost of materials or goods (including Site Materials) properly ordered for the Works for which the Contractor then has paid or is legally bound to pay; and
 - .3 any direct loss and/or damage caused to the Contractor by the termination.
 - .3 the account shall include the amount, if any, referred to in clause 7.11.2.3 only where the Contractor's employment is terminated either:
 - .1 under clause 7.8 or 7.9; or
 - .2 under clause 7.10.1.3, if the loss or damage to the Works was caused by the negligence or default of the Employer or any Employer's Person;

- .4 after taking into account amounts previously paid to the Contractor under this Contract, the Employer shall pay to the Contractor the amount properly due in respect of the account within 28 days of its submission by the Contractor to the Employer, without deduction of any retention. Payment by the Employer for any such materials and goods as are referred to in clause 7.11.2.2 shall be subject to those materials and goods thereupon becoming the property of the Employer.

Section 8 Settlement of Disputes

Mediation

- 8.1 Subject to Article 7, if a dispute or difference arises under this Contract which cannot be resolved by direct negotiations, each Party shall give serious consideration to any request by the other to refer the matter to mediation.

Adjudication

- 8.2 If a dispute or difference arises under this Contract which either Party wishes to refer to adjudication, the Scheme shall apply except that for the purposes of the Scheme the Adjudicator shall be the person (if any) and the nominating body shall be that stated in the Contract Particulars.

Arbitration

8.3

For the purposes of Article 8, if it applies, the procedures for arbitration are set out in Schedule Part

1.[44]

[44] Arbitration or legal proceedings are **not** an appeal against the decision of the Adjudicator but are a consideration of the dispute or difference as if no decision had been made by an Adjudicator.



Schedule

This is the Schedule annexed to and referred to in the foregoing Agreement and forming part of the Minor Works Building Contract for use in Scotland

Dated

Between the Employer

And the Contractor

Part 1:	Arbitration
Part 2:	Fluctuations – Contribution, levy and tax changes
Part 3:	Supplemental Provisions
Part 4:	Contract Documents

Schedule Part 1 Arbitration

(Clause 8.3)

Conduct of arbitration

- 1 . Any reference to arbitration to be made and any arbitration conducted pursuant to Article 8 shall be in accordance with the Arbitration (Scotland) Act 2010 subject to disapplication in whole or in part of any of the default rules of the Scottish Arbitration Rules comprising Schedule 1 to that Act by this Contract^{45]} subject to the amendments at paragraphs 2 and 3 of this part of the Schedule.

Notice of reference to arbitration

- 2 Where pursuant to Article 8 either Party requires a dispute or difference to be referred to arbitration that Party shall serve on the other Party a notice of arbitration to such effect in accordance with the Arbitration (Scotland) Act 2010 identifying the dispute and requiring the other Party to agree to the appointment of an Arbitrator. The Tribunal shall be an individual agreed by the Parties or, failing such agreement within 14 days (or any agreed extension of that period) after the notice of arbitration is served, appointed on the application of the Party giving notice by the person named in the Contract Particulars.

Powers of Arbitrator

- 3 The powers of the Arbitrator are set out in the Arbitration (Scotland) Act 2010 and the Scottish Arbitration Rules subject to disapplication in whole or in part of any of the default rules of the Scottish Arbitration Rules.

[45] If any of the default rules are to be disappplied in whole or in part this requires to be indicated in the Contract Particulars.

Schedule Part 2

Fluctuations – Contribution, levy and tax changes

(Clauses 5.3 and 5.8)

Deemed calculation of Contract Sum – labour

- 1 The Contract Sum shall be deemed to have been calculated in the manner set out below and shall be subject to adjustment in the events specified hereunder.
 - .1 The Contract Sum is based upon the types and rates of contribution, levy and tax payable by a person in his capacity as an Employer and which at the Base Date are payable by the Contractor. A type and a rate so payable are in paragraph 1.2 referred to as a 'tender type' and a 'tender rate'.
 - .2 If any of the tender rates other than a rate of levy payable by virtue of the Industrial Training Act 1982 is increased or decreased, or if a tender type ceases to be payable, or if a new type of contribution, levy or tax which is payable by a person in his capacity as an employer becomes payable after the Base Date, then in any such case the net amount of the difference between what the Contractor actually pays or will pay in respect of:
 - .1 workpeople engaged upon or in connection with the Works either on or adjacent to the site; and
 - .2 workpeople directly employed by the Contractor who are engaged upon the production of materials or goods for use in or in connection with the Works and who operate neither on nor adjacent to the site and to the extent that they are so engagedor because of his employment of such workpeople and what he would have paid had the alteration, cessation or new type of contribution, levy or tax not become effective shall, as the case may be, be paid to or allowed by the Contractor.
 - .3 There shall be added to the net amount paid to or allowed by the Contractor under paragraph 1.2, in respect of each person employed by the Contractor who is engaged upon or in connection with the Works either on or adjacent to the site and who is not within the definition of workpeople in paragraph 12.3, the same amount as is payable or allowable in respect of a craftsman under paragraph 1.2 or such proportion of that amount as reflects the time (measured in whole working days) that each such person is so employed.
 - .4 For the purposes of paragraph 1.3:
 - .1 no period of less than 2 whole working days in any week shall be taken into account and periods of less than a whole working day shall not be aggregated to amount to a whole working day;
 - .2 "the same amount as is payable or allowable in respect of a craftsman" shall refer to the amount in respect of a craftsman employed by the Contractor (or by any sub-contractor under a sub-contract to which paragraph 3 refers) under the rules or decisions or agreements of the Construction Industry Joint Council or other wage-fixing body and, where those rules or decisions or agreements provide for more than one rate of wage, emolument or other expense for a craftsman, shall refer to the amount in respect of a craftsman employed as aforesaid to whom the highest rate is applicable; and
 - .3 "employed by the Contractor" shall mean an employment to which the Income Tax (Pay As You Earn) Regulations 2003 apply.
 - .5 The Contract Sum is based upon the types and rates of refund of the contributions, levies and taxes payable by a person in his capacity as an employer and upon the types and rates of premium receivable by a person in his capacity as an employer being in each case types and rates which at the Base Date are receivable by the Contractor. Such a type and such a rate are in paragraph 1.6 referred to as a 'tender type' and a 'tender rate'.

- .6 If any of the tender rates is increased or decreased or if a tender type ceases to be payable or if a new type of refund of any contribution, levy or tax payable by a person in his capacity as an employer becomes receivable or if a new type of premium receivable by a person in his capacity as an employer becomes receivable after the Base Date, then in any such case the net amount of the difference between what the Contractor actually receives or will receive in respect of workpeople as referred to in paragraphs 1.2.1 and 1.2.2 or because of his employment of such workpeople and what he would have received had the alteration, cessation or new type of refund or premium not become effective shall, as the case may be, be paid to or allowed by the Contractor.
- .7 The references in paragraphs 1.5 and 1.6 to premiums shall be construed as meaning all payments howsoever they are described which are made under or by virtue of an Act of Parliament to a person in his capacity as an employer and which affect the cost to an employer of having persons in his employment.
- .8 Where employer's contributions are payable by the Contractor in respect of workpeople as referred to in paragraphs 1.2.1 and 1.2.2 whose employment is contracted-out employment within the meaning of the Pension Schemes Act 1993, the Contractor shall for the purpose of recovery or allowance under paragraph 1 be deemed to pay employer's contributions as if that employment were not contracted-out employment.
- .9 The references in paragraph 1 to contributions, levies and taxes shall be construed as meaning all impositions payable by a person in his capacity as an employer howsoever they are described and whoever the recipient which are imposed under or by virtue of an Act of Parliament and which affect the cost to an employer of having persons in his employment.

Deemed calculation of Contract Sum – materials

- 2 The Contract Sum shall be deemed to have been calculated in the manner set out below and shall be subject to adjustment in the events specified hereunder.
 - .1The Contract Sum is based upon the types and rates of duty, if any, and tax, if any (other than any VAT which is treated, or is capable of being treated, as input tax by the Contractor), by whomsoever payable which at the Base Date are payable on the import, purchase, sale, appropriation, processing, use or disposal of the materials, goods, electricity, fuels, materials taken from the site as waste or any other solid, liquid or gas necessary for the execution of the Works by virtue of any Act of Parliament. A type and a rate so payable are in paragraph 2.2 referred to as a 'tender type' and a 'tender rate'.
 - .2If, in relation to any materials or goods or any electricity or fuels or materials taken from the site as waste or any other solid, liquid or gas necessary for the execution of the Works including temporary site installations for those Works, a tender rate is increased or decreased or a tender type ceases to be payable or a new type of duty or tax (other than any VAT which is treated, or is capable of being treated, as input tax by the Contractor) becomes payable on the import, purchase, sale, appropriation, processing, use or disposal of any of the above things after the Base Date, then in any such case the net amount of the difference between what the Contractor actually pays in respect of those materials, goods, electricity, fuels, materials taken from the site as waste or any other solid, liquid or gas and what he would have paid in respect of them had the alteration, cessation or imposition not occurred shall, as the case may be, be paid to or allowed by the Contractor. In this paragraph 2.2 "a new type of duty or tax" includes an additional duty or tax and a duty or tax imposed in regard to any of the above in respect of which no duty or tax whatever was previously payable (other than any VAT which is treated, or is capable of being treated, as input tax by the Contractor).

Sub-contract work – incorporation of provisions to like effect

- 3 .1If the Contractor sub-contracts any portion of the Works he shall incorporate in the sub-contract provisions to the like effect as the provisions of this Schedule Part 2 (excluding this paragraph 3) including the percentage stated in the Contract Particulars pursuant to paragraph 13 which are applicable for the purposes of this Contract.
- .2 If the price payable under such a sub-contract as referred to in paragraph 3.1 is increased above or decreased below the price in such sub-contract by reason of the operation of the said incorporated provisions, then the net amount of such increase or decrease shall, as the case may be, be paid to or allowed by the Contractor under this Contract.

Notification by Contractor

- 4 .1 The Contractor shall notify the Architect/Contract Administrator of the occurrence of any of the events referred to in such of the following provisions as are applicable for the purposes of this Contract:
- .1 paragraph 1.2;
 - .2 paragraph 1.6;
 - .3 paragraph 2.2; and
 - .4 paragraph 3.2.
- .2 Any notification required to be given under paragraph 4.1 shall be given within a reasonable time after the occurrence of the event to which it relates, and notification in that time shall be a condition precedent to any payment being made to the Contractor in respect of the event in question.

Agreement – Architect/Contract Administrator and Contractor

- 5 The Architect/Contract Administrator and the Contractor may agree what shall be deemed for all the purposes of this Contract to be the net amount payable to or allowable by the Contractor in respect of the occurrence of any event such as is referred to in any of the provisions listed in paragraph 4.1.

Fluctuations added to or deducted from Contract Sum

- 6 Any amount which from time to time becomes payable to or allowable by the Contractor by virtue of paragraphs 1 and 2 or paragraph 3 shall, as the case may be, be added to or deducted from the Contract Sum. The addition or deduction to which this paragraph 6 refers shall be subject to the provisions of paragraphs 7 to 10.1.

Evidence and computations by Contractor

- 7 As soon as is reasonably practicable the Contractor shall provide such evidence and computations as the Architect/Contract Administrator may reasonably require to enable the amount payable to or allowable by the Contractor by virtue of paragraphs 1 and 2 or paragraph 3 to be ascertained; and in the case of amounts payable to or allowable by the Contractor under paragraph 1.3 (or paragraph 3 for amounts payable to or allowable under the provisions in the sub-contract to the like effect as paragraphs 1.3 and 1.4) – employees other than workpeople – such evidence shall include a certificate signed by or on behalf of the Contractor each week certifying the validity of the evidence reasonably required to ascertain such amounts.

Actual payment by Contractor

- 8 No amount shall be added or deducted in the computation of the amount stated as due in interim payments by virtue of this paragraph 8 unless on or before the date as at which the total value of work, materials and goods is ascertained for the purposes of any interim payment the Contractor shall have actually paid or received the sum which is payable by or to him in consequence of the event in respect of which the payment or allowance arises.

No alteration to Contractor's profit

- 9 No addition to or deduction from the Contract Sum made by virtue of paragraph 6 shall alter in any way the amount of profit of the Contractor included in that Sum.

Position where Contractor in default over completion

- 10 .1 Subject to the provisions of paragraph 10.2 no amount shall be added or deducted in the computation of the amount stated as due in interim payments or in the final certificate in respect of amounts otherwise payable to or allowable by the Contractor by virtue of paragraphs 1 and 2 or paragraph 3 if the event (as referred to in the provisions listed in paragraph 4.1) in respect of which the payment or allowance would be made occurs after the Date for Completion stated in the Contract Particulars or after any later Date for Completion fixed under clause 2.7.

- .2 Paragraph 10.1 shall not be applied unless:
 - .1 the printed text of clause 2.7 is unamended and forms part of the Conditions; and
 - .2 The Architect/Contract Administrator has, in respect of every notification by the Contractor under clause 2.7, fixed or confirmed such Date for Completion as he considers to be in accordance with that clause.

Work etc. to which paragraphs 1 to 3 not applicable

- 11 Paragraphs 1 to 3 shall not apply in respect of:
 - .1 work for which the Contractor is allowed day work rates under clause 4.6; and
 - .2 changes in the rate of VAT charged on the supply of goods or services by the Contractor to the Employer under this Contract.

Definitions

- 12 In this Schedule Part 2:
 - .1 the Base Date means the date stated as such in the Contract Particulars;
 - .2 "materials" and "goods" include timber used in formwork but do not include other consumable stores, plant and machinery;
 - .3 "workpeople" means persons whose rates of wages and other emoluments (including holiday credits) are governed by the rules or decisions or agreements of the Construction Industry Joint Council or some other wage-fixing body for trades associated with the building industry;
 - .4 "wage-fixing body" means a body which lays down recognised terms and conditions of workers; and
 - .5 "recognised terms and conditions" means terms and conditions of workers in comparable employment in the trade or industry, or section of trade or industry, in which the employer in question is engaged which have been settled by an agreement or award to which the Parties are employers' associations and independent trade unions which represent (generally, or in the district in question, as the case may be) a substantial proportion of the employers and of the workers in the trade, industry or section being workers of the description to which the agreement or award relates.

Percentage addition to fluctuation payments or allowances

- 13 There shall be added to the amount paid to or allowed by the Contractor under:
 - .1 paragraph 1.2;
 - .2 paragraph 1.3;
 - .3 paragraph 1.6;
 - .4 paragraph 2.2,the percentage stated in the Contract Particulars.

Schedule Part 3

Supplemental Provisions

(Eighth Recital)

Supplemental Provisions 1 to 6 apply unless otherwise stated in the Contract Particulars. Supplemental Provision 7 applies where the Employer is a Local or Public Authority or other body of the type mentioned in that provision. Supplemental Provision 8 applies where the Employer is a Local or Public Authority and this Contract is subject to the Procurement Act and the PC (Scotland) Regulations. Supplemental Provision 9 applies only where an option is exercised to employ a Named Specialist.

Collaborative working

- 1 The Parties shall work with each other and with other project team members in a co-operative and collaborative manner, in good faith and in a spirit of trust and respect. To that end, each shall support collaborative behaviour and address behaviour which is not collaborative.

Health and safety

- 2
 - .1 Without limiting either Party's statutory and/or regulatory duties and responsibilities and/or the specific health and safety requirements of this Contract, the Parties will endeavour to establish and maintain a culture and working environment in which health and safety is of paramount concern to everybody involved with the project.
 - .2 In addition to the specific health and safety requirements of this Contract, the Contractor undertakes to:
 - .1 comply with any and all approved codes of practice produced or promulgated by the Health and Safety Executive;
 - .2 ensure that all personnel engaged by the Contractor and members of the Contractor's supply chain on site receive appropriate site-specific health and safety induction training and regular refresher training;
 - .3 ensure that all such personnel have access at all times to competent health and safety advice in accordance with regulation 7 of the Management of Health and Safety at Work Regulations 1999; and
 - .4 ensure that there is full and proper health and safety consultation with all such personnel in accordance with the Health and Safety (Consultation with Employees) Regulations 1996.

Cost savings and value improvements

- 3
 - .1 The Contractor is encouraged to propose changes to the designs and specifications for the Works and/or to the programme for their execution that may benefit the Employer, whether in the form of a reduction in the cost of the Works, or their associated life cycle costs, through to practical completion at a date earlier than the date for completion or otherwise.
 - .2 The Contractor shall provide details of his proposed changes, identifying them as suggested under this Supplemental Provision 3, together with his assessment of the benefit he believes the Employer may obtain, expressed in financial terms, and a quotation.
 - .3 Where the Employer wishes to implement a change proposed by the Contractor, the Parties shall negotiate with a view to agreeing its value, the financial benefit and any adjustment to the date for completion. Upon agreement, the change and the amount of any adjustment of the Contract Sum shall be confirmed in an Architect/Contract Administrator's instruction, together with the share of the financial benefit to be paid to the Contractor and any adjustment to the date for completion.
 - .4 Original proposals by the Contractor under this Supplemental Provision 3 may only be instructed in accordance with it, provided always that nothing shall prevent the Employer from utilising other contractors to implement such changes after practical completion of the Works.

Sustainable development and environmental considerations

- 4 .1The Contractor is encouraged to suggest economically viable amendments to the Works which, if instructed as a variation under clause 4.6.1, may result in an improvement in environmental performance in the carrying out of the Works or of the completed Works.
- .2 The Contractor shall provide to the Employer all information that he reasonably requests regarding the environmental impact of the supply and use of materials and goods which the Contractor selects.

Performance Indicators and monitoring

- 5 .1The Employer shall monitor and assess the Contractor's performance by reference to any performance indicators stated or identified in the Contract Documents.
- .2 The Contractor shall provide to the Employer all information that he may reasonably require to monitor and assess the Contractor's performance against the targets for those performance indicators.
- .3 Where the Employer considers that a target for any of those performance indicators may not be met, he may inform the Contractor who shall submit his proposals for improving his performance against that target to the Employer.

Notification and negotiation of disputes

- 6 With a view to avoidance or early resolution of disputes or differences (subject to Article 7), each Party shall promptly notify the other of any matter that appears likely to give rise to a dispute or difference. The senior executives nominated in the Contract Particulars (or if either is not available, a colleague of similar standing) shall meet as soon as practicable for direct, good faith negotiations to resolve the matter.

Transparency

- 7 Where the Employer is a Local or Public Authority or other body to whom the provisions of the Freedom of Information (Scotland) Act 2002 ('FOISA') apply, the Parties acknowledge that, except for any information which is exempt from disclosure in accordance with the provisions of FOISA, the content of this Contract is not confidential. The Employer shall be responsible for determining in his absolute discretion whether any of the content of this Contract is exempt from disclosure in accordance with the provisions of FOISA. Notwithstanding any other term of this Contract:
- .1the Contractor hereby consents to the Employer publishing any amendments to the standard form SBCC contract in their entirety, including changes to the standard form agreed from time to time, but in each case with any information which is exempt from disclosure in accordance with the provisions of FOISA redacted; and
- .2the Employer shall promptly inform the Contractor of any request for disclosure that he receives in relation to this Contract.

The Procurement Reform (Scotland) Act 2014 and the Public Contracts (Scotland) Regulations 2015

- 8 Where the Employer is a Local or Public Authority and this Contract is subject to the Procurement Act and the PC (Scotland) Regulations^[46]:
- .1where section 15(5)(d) of the Procurement Act applies to this Contract, the Contractor shall include in any sub-contract entered into by him suitable provisions to impose the requirements of section 15(5)(d);

[46] For an explanatory summary of those provisions in the Procurement Act and the PC (Scotland) Regulations that are reflected in this Contract, see the Guidance Notes. Provisions relating to the Procurement Act and PC (Scotland) Regulations are set out in section 7 (Termination) of this Contract. The SBCC Short Form of Sub-Contract (ShortSub/Scot) meets the requirements of Supplemental Provision 8.

- .2 the Contractor shall include in any sub-contract entered into by him provisions requiring the sub-contractor:
 - .1 to supply and notify to the Contractor the information required (as applicable) under regulations 71(3), and 71(5) of the PC (Scotland) Regulations; and
 - .2 to include in any sub-subcontract he in turn enters into provisions to the same effect as required under paragraph 8.2.1 of Supplemental Provision 9.
- .3 .1 the Contractor shall include in any sub-contract entered into by him provisions that shall entitle him to terminate the sub-contractor's employment where there are grounds for excluding the sub-contractor under regulation 58; and
 - .2 in the event the Employer requires the Contractor to terminate a sub-contractor's employment pursuant to regulation 71(9) the Contractor shall take the appropriate steps to terminate that employment and where required by the Employer under regulation 71(10) and 71(11) shall, or in circumstances where there is no such requirement may, appoint a replacement sub-contractor.

9 Named Specialists

- .1 Where Supplemental Provision 9 applies and work forming part of the Works is to be carried out by a named person as the Contractor's sub-contractor (a 'Named Specialist') and either:
 - .1 that person is named in and the work ('Pre-Named Specialist Work') is identified in the Contract Documents; or
 - .2 that person is named in and the work ('Post-Named Specialist Work') is identified in an instruction for expenditure of a Provisional Sum and Supplemental Provision 9 is stated also to apply in respect of Post-Named Specialist Work

the following paragraphs of this provision shall as relevant apply.

- .2 Subject to paragraphs 9.3 and 9.4, the Contractor shall as soon as reasonably practicable enter into a sub-contract with the Named Specialist for the work referred to in paragraph 9.1 (in either case, 'Named Specialist Work') using the SBCC Short Form of Sub-Contract.
- .3 If for any reason the Contractor is unable to enter into a sub-contract with the Named Specialist, he shall immediately notify the Architect/Contract Administrator of the grounds and provided that the Contractor has acted reasonably the Architect/Contract Administrator shall within 7 days of receipt of that notification give instructions that:
 - .1 remove the grounds; or
 - .2 select another Named Specialist able and willing to carry out the Named Specialist Work; or
 - .3 direct the Contractor to carry out that work using either his own resources or, at the Contractor's option, a sub-contractor selected by the Contractor and approved by the Architect/Contract Administrator (such approval not to be unreasonably withheld or delayed); or
 - .4 omit the Named Specialist Work from this Contract as a Variation.

.4 If in the case of instructions:

- .1 for Post-Named Specialist Work which require use of a Named Specialist who is not named in respect of that work in the Contract Documents; or
- .2 for any Named Specialist Work, where the instructions name a replacement for a Named Specialist

the Contractor has reasonable grounds of objection and notifies the Architect/Contract Administrator within 7 days of receipt of the instruction, the Architect/Contract Administrator shall within 7 days of receipt of the Contractor's notification give further instructions in the terms set out in paragraph 9.3.2, 9.3.3 or 9.3.4.

.5 If the Contractor becomes entitled to terminate a Named Specialist's employment under his sub-contract or to give notice of a specified default which, if continued, would be grounds for such termination or is entitled to treat the sub-contract as repudiated, the Contractor:

- .1 shall promptly, and prior to giving any notice to that effect to the Named Specialist, notify the Architect/Contract Administrator and consult with him and/or, if requested, with the Employer;
- .2 save where the Named Specialist is or becomes Insolvent, shall not give notice of termination, or notice that he is treating the sub-contract as repudiated, less than 14 days after that notification to the Architect/Contract Administrator; and
- .3 shall at the time of issue send the Architect/Contract Administrator a copy of each notice that he gives to the Named Specialist.

.6 Where the Contractor terminates a Named Specialist's employment in accordance with the terms of the relevant sub-contract or treats it as repudiated by the Named Specialist, the Architect/Contract Administrator may within 7 days of receipt of his copy of the Contractor's notice to that effect issue instructions in the terms of paragraph 9.3.2, 9.3.3 or 9.3.4, failing which he shall be deemed to have given an instruction in the terms of paragraph 9.3.3.

.7 The Contractor's responsibility for carrying out and completing the Works in all respects in accordance with clause 2.1 shall not be affected in any manner by the naming of any person for any work in the manner referred to in Supplemental Provision 9.1 or the exercise by the Architect/Contract Administrator of any of his powers under this Supplemental Provision 9.

Schedule Part 4 Contract Documents

- (i) The Agreement consisting of the Recitals, the Articles and the Contract Particulars along with the Schedule annexed
- (ii) The Conditions
- (iii) The Contract Bills attached hereto
- (iv) The Contract Drawings in the drawings list attached hereto
- (v) The Contract Specification attached hereto
- (vi) The Work Schedule attached hereto
- (vii) Schedule of Rates attached hereto
- (viii) Other contract documents such as PCG's Warranties can be added here or as a Schedule
- (ix)
- (x)

* Insert any additional Contract Documents and also refer to documents which are signed or initialled by or on behalf of each Party and make reference to any unique reference or date on any of the documents which can identify them (in case they become detached).

Schedule Part 5	The Schedule of Amendments to the Conditions
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Section 1: Definitions and interpretations

Make the following amendments to clause 1.1

“Conflict in Ukraine”	means the invasion of Ukraine by the Russian Federation, including wider conflict or incursion which arises as a result of other nations’ actions taken in response there to and it’s impact on the regular progress of the Works caused by material shortages resulting from this invasion.
“Covid 19”	means (i) any regulation and/or legislation issued by the Scottish and/or UK Governments and/or public authorities after the date of the Contract in relation to the COVID-19 coronavirus outbreak and/or any mutation thereof, the effect of which is a suspension of construction operations at the Site; and /or (ii) any mandatory guidance, regulation and/or legislation issued by the Scottish and/or UK Governments and/or public authorities after the date of the Contract in relation to the COVID-19 coronavirus outbreak and/or any mutation thereof, the effect of which is an amendment to the site operating policies or health and safety procedures detailed in the construction phase health and safety plan forming part of the Contract Documents being more onerous than that in place or being experienced by the Contractor as at the date of the Contract
“Fire Safety Strategy”	means the specifications and drawings setting out the detailed design for the Works and specifying all systems, methods, products and materials to be used in the construction and delivery of the external walls of the Works including for the avoidance of doubt the insulation materials, cladding materials, methods of fixing cavity barriers and other fire protection measures as comprised in and forming part of the Contractor’s Proposals.
Funder:	Delete this definition and substitute “any company, bank, institution or person providing finance in connection with or secured upon the Works and/or the site of the Works or any part thereof.”
Funder Rights:	Delete this definition
Funder Rights Particulars:	Delete this definition
Interested Party	Means a Funder, Purchaser and/or a Tenant
Interested Party Rights:	The rights in favour of an Interested Party set out in Schedule Parts 14A and 14B

P&T Rights	Delete this definition
P&T Rights Particulars:	Delete this definition.
Purchaser	Delete this definition and substitute "any first person who acquires a long leasehold interest for a premium or the transfer or a heritable interest in any party of the Works and/or the site of the Works but not including any purchaser of ten or less of any residential units"
Related Works:	Add new definition []
Self Proving Manner	Add new definition "such a manner that it is presumed to have been subscribed by the granter and that any annexations to it have been incorporated in it, in accordance with Sections 3, 7 and 8 and Schedule 2 of the Requirements of Writing (Scotland) Act 1995 or, if agreed by the Employer that the documents can be electronically signed, validly signed electronically on Docusign or such other electronic signing platform as is agreed by the Employer."
Tenant	Delete this definition and substitute "any first person who acquires a leasehold interest for a market rent in the Works and/or the site of the Works or any part but not including any purchaser of ten or less of any residential units"

Clause 1.3

1.2 DELETE and INSERT

"1.2 The Contract and these Conditions are to be read as a whole but where there is a discrepancy or conflict between or within the Contract Documents, the Schedule of Amendments will prevail over all these Conditions. The Articles, the Recitals, the Conditions and the Contract Particulars shall prevail over all contract Documents and the Conditions."

Clause 1.5

1.4 DELETE and INSERT

"1.4 Save as provided for by way of Interested Party Rights and subject to clause 7 this Contract is not intended to confer any rights on any third party pursuant to the Contract (Third Party Rights) (Scotland) Act 2017"

Clause 1.9 INSERT new clause

"Works deemed to be done under this Contract

Notwithstanding the date of this Contract:

- 1.9.1 any Works carried out and services supplied by the Contractor prior to the date of this Contract and any instructions or letters of authority given by the Employer to the Contractor relating thereto are deemed to have been carried out under this Contract; and
- 1.9.2 all and any payments made and/or to be made by the Employer to the Contractor, if any, in respect of such Work are deemed to be payments on account of the Contract Sum and/or such other sum as shall become payable from the Employer to the Contractor under this Contract and no further sums

are due from the Employer and the Contractor has no rights or claims in respect of or arising out of such Works".

Section 2: Carrying out of the Works

Clause 2.1.5

INSERT new clause 2.1.5

"2.1.5 The Contractor will report to the Employer monthly in writing (or more frequently as may be reasonably required by the Employer) but any such report to be included in each application for payment:

2.1.5.1 comparing the progress of the design and the execution of the Works with the then current works programme and will promptly advise the Employer in the event of delay or disruption and will set out the measures which the Contractor is taking or proposes to take to minimise or make good such delay or disruption and will ensure the proper integration, co-ordination and compatibility of the various components and elements that make up the Works, one with another and the remainder of the Works.

2.1.5.2 providing details of the Consultants and Relevant Sub-Contractors appointed in relation to the Works and details of all sums paid to all such Consultants and Relevant Sub-Contractors.

2.1.5.3 providing details that it considers each of the activities or elements of the Works to be provided by the Contractor completed at the date of the application.

Clause 2.1.6

INSERT new clause 2.1.6

"2.1.6 No admission, consent, appraisal, comment, sanction, approval, direction, confirmation, acknowledgement, guideline or advice made or given by or on behalf of the Employer or the Employer's Agent under this Contract shall in any way extinguish, exclude, qualify or limit the duties, responsibilities, obligations and liabilities of the Contractor hereunder"

Clause 2.1.7

INSERT new clause 2.1.7

"2.1.7 The Employer has obtained detailed planning permission and certain other approvals for the Works and copies of such permissions and approvals are set out in the Employer's Requirements."

2.1.7.1 The Contractor shall obtain at its own cost and risk any other agreements, licences and approvals (including Building Regulation and reserved matters approvals) necessary for the Works. The Contractor shall be responsible for the discharge of any conditions attached to the detailed planning permission (save to the extent detailed in any schedule of derogations forming part of the Employer's Requirements) and for compliance with the terms of any other approvals obtained in relation to the Works insofar as such discharge and/or compliance can be secured prior to the date of practical completion of the Works.

2.1.7.2 The Contractor acknowledges that it will be responsible to the Employer in respect of any matters arising directly or indirectly in relation to the Works listed in the Employers Requirements which result in any breach of any permissions, agreements, licences and approvals as set out in the Employer's Requirements and any other agreements, licences and approvals obtained by the Employer in relation to the Works.

Clause 2.2.1

2.2.1 After the first sentence of clause 2.2.1 INSERT: "Subject to the foregoing, all materials and goods shall be new (save where recycled materials may be used to secure BREEAM points and such use shall be subject to the Employer's Agent's prior approval) and appropriate for their use and compliant with the Employer's Requirements save that no warranty of fitness for purpose shall be implied."

Clause 2.2.3

INSERT new clause 2.2.3

- "2.2.3 The Contractor warrants to the Employer, subject to his Design Liabilities, that to the extent the Contractor either is obliged to specify or approve products or materials for use in the Works or does so specify or approve, the Contractor shall not specify, approve or use any products or materials which are not in conformity with:
- 2.2.3.1 any British Standard or EU equivalent, codes of practice or good building practice or techniques where such Standards, codes, building practices or techniques exist for the material concerned;
- 2.2.3.2 the report entitled "Good Practice in the Selection of Construction Materials 2011", published by the British Council of Offices and the BRE Digest(or any updated versions of that Guidance of Digest; or
- 2.2.3.3 any publication of the Building Research Establishment related to the specification of products or materials; or
- which are generally accepted or generally suspected in the construction industry and/or by design and build contractors at the relevant time as
- .1 posing a threat to health and safety of any person;
- .2 posing a threat to the structural stability or performance or physical integrity of the Works or any part or component thereof;

Clause 2.2.4

INSERT new clause 2.2.4

- "2.2.4 If in the performance of his duties under this Contract, the Contractor becomes aware that he or any person has specified, approved or used any such products or materials covered by clause 2.2.3, the Contractor shall immediately give written notice to the Employer of the same."

2.15 Clause 2.15¹

INSERT new clause 2.15:

- 2.15 ["any change to the Fire Safety Strategy after the Base Date required as a result of any direction, interpretation or requirement of any statutory body or relevant third party, including but not limited to any local authority building control or approved inspector and which affects the execution of the Works shall be treated as a Change for the purposes of this Contract"]²

Clause 2.13 Relevant Events

INSERT new Clause

2.13 The following are additional Relevant events

- 2.13.1 COVID – 19 - of materials and goods affecting the regular progress of the Works

INSERT new clause 2.13.2

- 2.13.2 Conflict in Ukraine including any wider conflict or incursion which arises as a result of other nations' actions taken in response thereto, and it's impact upon the supply and/or delivery of materials and goods affecting the regular progress of the Works

¹ Additional relevant events/relevant matters may be agreed between the parties on a project specific basis.

² Confirm if applicable for the relevant project depending on extent of design responsibility of Contractor

Clause 2.14

2.14 INSERT a new clause 2.14A, 2.14B, 2.14C, 2.14D, and 2.14E

"2.14A For the purposes of the foregoing practical completion means a state in which the Works are (or any Section is) complete in all respects and free from apparent defects, save for any minor items of incomplete work or minor defects the existence, completion or rectification of which would not prevent or interfere with the use and enjoyment (or the fitting out for use) of the Works or Section; provided that where it is expressly stated in any provisions of the Contract Documents that the testing, commissioning, regulation or adjustment of any mechanical or electrical services is to be completed, or any other thing is to be done, before the practical completion of the Works or any Section, the Works or Section shall not be considered to be practically completed until the same is completed or done as the Contract Documents require.

2.14B The Employer shall not be obliged to issue a Practical Completion Statement or Section Completion Statement until the Contractor has supplied the Employer with the following, for either the Works or the relevant Section:

- .1 the draft health and safety file under the CDM Regulations
- .2 all draft documentation required under clause 2.37 (As-built drawings); and
- .3 draft maintenance manuals

2.14C Prior to the anticipated date of Practical Completion the Employer's Agent shall provide to the Contractor a schedule of all minor items of work and/or minor defects that remain to be completed and/or made good ("Snagging Items"). The Employer, at his discretion, may issue a Practical Completion Statement notwithstanding that Snagging Items remain to be completed and/or made good and such Snagging Items shall be completed and/or made good within 14 days (or such shorter period specified by the Employer) of practical completion.

2.14D Without limiting or prejudicing any of the obligations and liabilities of the Contractor under this Contract, the Contractor shall carry out the Works with due expedition and without delay and at all times in compliance with the instructions of the Employer and the contract programme.

2.14E Notwithstanding any contrary provision in the Contract or any documents forming part of the Contract it is hereby expressly agreed and acknowledged that: -

- a) no fitness for purpose warranty is either given or implied, whether under statute or otherwise, in relation to the Works to be delivered under this Contract and/or method, system, design, products and materials provided by the Contractor, and
- b) the Contractor in designing the Works shall exercise reasonable skill and care and shall have the like liability to the Employer, whether under statute, this contract or otherwise, as would an architect or, as the case may be, any other appropriate professional designer holding himself out as competent to take on such work for such design and material selection who, acting independently under a separate contract with the Employer, has supplied such design for or in connection with the works to be carried out by a building contractor who is not the supplier of the design."

Section 4: Control of the Works

Clause 4.2

RENUMBER clause 4.2 as clause 4.2.1

INSERT new clauses 4.2.2 and 4.2.3:

"4.2.2 Without prejudice to clause 4.2.1, the Contractor shall, prior to commencement of the Works and with the prior written consent of the Employer, appoint suitably skilled, qualified and experienced key personnel to the roles specified in the Contractor's Proposals who shall effectively and diligently supervise the integration, co-ordination and execution of the Works on behalf of the Contractor. As

and when reasonably requested to do so by the Employer, the key personnel and the Contractor's servants, agents, suppliers, sub-contractors or sub-consultants as may from time to time be necessary shall attend meetings convened by or on behalf of the Employer in connection with the Works.

- 4.2.3 The Contractor shall not remove or replace any member of key personnel without the prior written consent of the Employer (which consent shall not be unreasonably withheld or delayed). The Employer shall be entitled, after consultation with the Contractor, to request the removal of any such member of key personnel if, in the Employer's opinion, his performance or conduct is or has been unsatisfactory and the Contractor shall promptly remove and replace such person with a person or persons approved by the Employer."

Section 5: Payment

Clause 5.5A

INSERT the following Clause:

- 5.5A "Each application for payment shall be accompanied by a detailed price statement showing the sum the Contractor considers to be due for each Section of the Works and details of the work executed or materials supplied to each Section and annotated and subdivided into the same sections and elements as in the Contract Sum Analysis"

Clause 4.6A

INSERT new clause 4.6A:

"4.6A Request for an estimate

The Employer may also require the Contractor to provide information in accordance this contract in any instruction requesting an estimate for a potential Change. The Contractor shall be entitled to any adjustment of the Contract Sum or to an extension of time by reason of a request for an estimate pursuant to this contract or in the event that the Employer does not issue an instruction for a Change following receipt of an estimate provided that the Contractor"

Section 6: Injury, Damages and Insurance

Clause 6.2A

INSERT new clause 6.2A:

"6.2A Contractor's liability for interference with neighbours

Without prejudice to the generality of clauses 6.1, 6.1A and 6.2, the Contractor shall use all reasonable endeavours to minimize any interference to ~~to be liable for, and shall indemnify the Employer against, any expense, liability, loss, claim or proceedings whatsoever arising or resulting from any nuisance (including any such nuisance caused by noxious fumes, noisy working operations or the deposit of any material or debris) or other interference with the rights of any adjoining or~~ neighbouring landowner, tenant, occupier or statutory authority arising out of the carrying out of the Works and shall assist the Employer in defending any claim or proceedings which may be instituted thereto. The Employer shall, if so requested by the Contractor, supply the Contractor in such time as may be reasonable, having regard to the time and nature of such request, any relevant information in the possession of the Employer relating to the rights of such third parties. ~~The Contractor shall be responsible for any and all expense, liabilities, losses, claim and proceedings whatsoever resulting from any such nuisance or interference, save only where such nuisance or interference is the inevitable consequence of an instruction from the Employer or Employer's Agent."~~

Clause 6.2B

INSERT new clause 6.2B:

"6.2B Coordination of Works with neighbours

If the carrying out of the Works may necessitate interference with the rights of neighbouring landowners and others referred to in clause 6.2A (including the oversailing of tower crane jibs) then the Contractor shall without cost to the Employer obtain the prior written agreement of any such party which shall be subject to the Employer's approval before execution. The Contractor shall comply with the provisions of any such agreement. The Contractor shall not be entitled to make any claim against the Employer, whether for an extension of time under clause 2.25.1, reimbursement of loss and/or expense under clause 4.20, any addition to the Contract Sum or otherwise in relation to the Contractor complying with the obligations set out in this clause 6.2B."

Section 7: Assignment, Third Party Rights and Collateral Warranties

Clause 7.1

7.1 INSERT new clause 7.1A:

"7.1A.1 The Contractor shall not, without the prior written consent of the Employer, assign the benefit of and his rights and benefits under this Contract. The Employer may, without the consent of the Contractor, assign the benefit of and its rights and benefits under this Contract and in this Contract the term "Employer" shall be construed accordingly.

7.1A.2 The Contractor shall not contend that any person to whom the benefit of this Contract is assigned under clause 7.1.1 is precluded from recovering under this Contract any loss incurred by such assignee resulting from any breach of this Contract, (whenever happening) by reason that such person is an assignee and not the named Employer hereunder."

INSERT NEW CLAUSE 9 AS FOLLOWS:

RIGHTS OF INTERESTED PARTIES

- 9.1 The rights contained within Schedule Parts 11A and 11B Schedule of Third Party Rights (Contractor) shall be conferred upon an Interested Party through the service of a notice in the form contained in Schedule Parts 11A and 11B by the Employer or a party acting on behalf of the Employer to the Contractor.
- 9.2 The Interested Party shall be notified of the rights conferred pursuant to clause 9.1 by receiving a copy of the notice served on the Contractor.
- 9.3 Any Interested Party specified in a notice served on the Contractor by the Employer or a party acting on behalf of the Employer notifying the relevant information prescribed in Schedule Parts 11A and 11B shall be entitled to the benefit of the Interested Party Rights with such amendments as the Employer may reasonably require (if any).
- 9.4 The Works and/or the Contract Sum and/or the time for performance of any obligation under this Contract may be varied without the consent of any Interested Party including any variation of the terms of this Contract.
- 9.5 Any rights conferred on any Beneficiary pursuant to clause 9 (Rights of Beneficiaries) are intended to take effect pursuant to the Contract (Third Party Rights)(Scotland) Act 2017.

Guidance Notes

Use of Minor Works Building Contract

- 1 The Contract should only be used where the Employer has engaged an architect or other professionally qualified person to advise on and administer its terms.
- 2 The criteria for determining the suitability of the Contract are set out on the inside of the front cover.
- 3 For Works which do not fulfil these criteria, reference should be made to www.sbcconline.com for guidance as to the appropriate contract.
- 4 The Contract is predicated upon a lump sum offer being obtained, based on drawings and/or a specification and/or work schedules, but without detailed measurements. Those documents should therefore be in a form sufficient to enable the Contractor accurately to identify the work to be done unless the option for the Employer to provide bills of quantities is chosen. In those cases where there is a relevant BIM protocol, it is assumed that it will be included in the Contract Documents.
- 5 The Contract is not suitable for use where the Works are of a complex nature.
- 6 The payment provisions in the Contract comply with the requirements of the Housing Grants, Construction and Regeneration Act 1996 as amended by the Local Democracy, Economic Development and Construction Act 2009 ('the Construction Act'). In addition to the statutory requirements regarding payment procedures, the Construction Act provides a statutory right for either Party to refer disputes or differences to adjudication.
- 7 However, not all building contracts are subject to the Construction Act; for example, a contract with a residential occupier within the meaning of section 106 of the Act is excluded and therefore it does not need to contain adjudication provisions, but, unless amendments are made, a residential occupier in entering into a Minor Works Building Contract will be accepting adjudication as a means of resolving disputes.
- 8 For some projects where it is intended to use the Contract, the Employer may wish to control the selection of sub-contractors for specialist work. This may be done by naming a person or company in the tender documents or in instructions on the expenditure of a Provisional Sum. This Contract contains provisions (Supplementary Provision 9) to enable the Employer, by means of an appropriate entry in the Contract Particulars, to name individual specialists (Named Specialists) as domestic sub-contractors for identified part or parts of the Works.

Dependent on the entry selected, the right may be limited solely to specialists pre-named in the Contract Documents (or their replacement) or, for provisional sum work, may also extend to post-naming. The Employer may choose in preference to enter into a direct contract with his chosen specialist.

Outline of the Contract

Architect/Contract Administrator

- 9 This is the professional whom the Employer has appointed to advise on and administer the Contract. If the appointee is not an architect, he is taken to be referred to in the Contract as the 'Contract Administrator', but, irrespective of the Architect/Contract Administrator's profession, their duties under the Contract are the same.

Role of the Architect/Contract Administrator

- 10** The Architect/Contract Administrator is paid by the Employer, advises the Employer on all matters in connection with the building work and administers the Contract on behalf of the Employer with a view to securing completion of the work in an efficient and economical manner. However, in relation to decisions in that administrative role that require professional skill and judgment, he should act fairly and independently as between the Employer and the Contractor, in particular when:

- issuing payment certificates;
- valuing any variations or any work instructed in respect of Provisional Sums (see “Terms used”) included in the Contract Documents;
- giving any extension to the time stated in the Contract Particulars for the completion of the building work; and
- certifying the date of practical completion (see “Terms used”) and the date when in his opinion all defects which appear during the Rectification Period (see “Terms used”) have been made good.

Instructions

- 11** Under the Contract only the Architect/Contract Administrator can issue instructions to the Contractor; although the Employer is paying for the building work, he is not entitled to give any instructions direct to the Contractor in connection with it. If the Employer wishes to make any change to the work or the manner in which it is being carried out, he must ask the Architect/Contract Administrator to give the necessary instructions to the Contractor.

Price

- 12** This is the lump sum stated in the Contract, plus any VAT properly chargeable on the building work. The precise sum may be increased or decreased depending on any changes to the work or the order or period in which it is carried out, the value of work instructed by the Architect/Contract Administrator in respect of any Provisional Sums included in the Contract Documents and, where applicable, any increase or decrease in contributions, levies and taxes for which the Contractor is liable.

Time-scale for the work

- 13** If it becomes apparent that the work cannot be finished within the original time stated in the Contract Particulars the Contractor is required to notify the Architect/Contract Administrator straightaway. If the delay arises for reasons beyond the control of the Contractor, the Architect/Contract Administrator is then required to give such extension of time as is reasonable.

If the work is not finished by the Date for Completion (see “Terms used”) after taking into account any extensions of time, the Employer can recover liquidated damages (see “Terms used”) from the Contractor.

Payment

- 14** In the 2016 edition there are revisions to and simplification of the section 5 payment provisions including the establishment of Interim Valuation Dates that are also to apply at SBCC sub-contract and sub-subcontract levels.

The revisions include modifications to the interim payment due date provisions of clause 5.3. Under the revised provisions of clause 5.3, during the period up to the due date for the final payment, the due dates for interim payments are in each case the date 7 days after the relevant Interim Valuation Date. There are new entries in the Contract Particulars (for clause 5.3) which require the first Interim Valuation Date and the intervals that will apply for subsequent Interim Valuation Dates to be specified. The first Interim Valuation Date should not be more than one month after the Works commencement date and the intervals between Interim Valuation Dates should not be more than one month. If these entries are not completed, the relevant default provisions set out in the Contract Particulars for clause 5.3 apply.

Interim payments are to be made against interim certificates issued by the Architect/Contract Administrator up to the date for issue of the final certificate when the final balance becomes due. The Construction Act requires interim and final certificates to be issued not later than 5 days after their due date and clauses 5.3 and 5.8 comply with these requirements. The final date for payment of each certificate, together with any VAT chargeable to the Employer, is 14 days from the due date for payment.

Unless a percentage for payment other than 95 per cent is inserted in the Contract Particulars for clause 5.3, interim certificates for the period up to practical completion will reflect the Employer's entitlement to retain 5 per cent. For the period between practical completion and the final certificate, the Contract envisages that the percentage retained will be halved.

The interim payment due date provisions referred to above are followed at clause 5.4 by a general provision governing Contractor's payment applications (and, in default of a payment certificate, their role as a payment notice) which apply with respect to the final payment as well as to interim payments.

There is some consolidation of the provisions dealing with the notice requirements of the Construction Act. The provisions regarding payment and pay less notices, amounts to be paid and default interest are set out in clauses 5.5 and 5.6 and as the text of each indicates, these clauses apply with respect to the final payment as well as to interim payments.

Clause 5.8 still covers the final certificate and final payment, but some of its former content has been included in clause 5.5 (Payments – amount and notices) as part of the consolidation exercise referred to above.

If the Employer fails to pay an amount due to the Contractor by the final date for its payment, interest at a rate of 5% per annum over the official bank rate of the Bank of England is payable by the Employer for the period until payment is made.

If the Employer gives a pay less notice and pays the lesser amount specified in the pay less notice, the Contractor's right under the Construction Act to suspend for non-payment does not arise. However, the SBCC provision for interest is intended to preserve the Contractor's right to interest on the additional amount that he should have been paid, insofar as there was no sustainable basis for a withholding by the Employer and regardless of any pay less notice that the latter has given.

A loss and expense provision has been included at clause 5.10 in respect of Named Specialists and, subject to clause 5.11, they are entitled to reimbursement of that loss and/or expense. It applies where a Contractor incurs, or is likely to incur, any direct loss and/or expense because regular progress of the Works has been or is likely to be materially affected by Architect/Contract Administrator's instructions. These instructions must relate to any notification of reasonable objections under Supplemental Provision 9, paragraph 9.4, or be given under Supplemental Provision 9, paragraph 9.5, where a Named Specialist is insolvent.

Suspension

- 15** If the Employer does not give a pay less notice and does not pay the amount due to the Contractor by the final date for its payment, or, having given a pay less notice, then fails to pay the amount specified in it, the Contractor, after giving a 7 day notice, has the right to suspend performance of some or all of his obligations under the Contract until payment of the appropriate amount is made. The Contractor also has a statutory right to recover reasonable costs and expenses that he incurs as a result of that suspension.

Termination

- 16** Either Party may end the Contractor's employment if the other Party is in breach of certain obligations (in the case of the Contractor those mentioned in clauses 7.4 and 7.6; in the case of the Employer those in clause 7.8) or becomes insolvent. There is also a right under clause 7.10 for either Party to terminate in the case of prolonged suspension resulting from certain neutral causes.

Dealing with disputes

- 17** Either Party may at any time refer any dispute to adjudication for a 'fast track' decision; the adjudicator's decision is binding unless and until the dispute is decided by an arbitrator or the court. Residential occupiers wishing to use the Contract should also refer to paragraph 7 above. The Contract Particulars enable the Parties to nominate an individual adjudicator in advance, should they wish. However, an individual should not be named in the Contract without his prior agreement. It has also to be recognised that those of sufficient standing to merit nomination are generally busy people and that when a dispute arises they may not be available.

The Parties may also agree to mediate a dispute.

For final dispute resolution in cases where either or both Parties are dissatisfied with the results of adjudication or mediation (or neither Party wished to have the dispute adjudicated), the choice is between arbitration and court proceedings. Between 2005 and 2016 court proceedings have been the default option under SBCC contracts. In the 2016 editions of contracts arbitration has become the default position. If court proceedings are the agreed choice, they should be selected through the appropriate entry in the Contract Particulars.

The Arbitration (Scotland) Act 2010, subject to disapplication in whole or in part of any of the default rules of the Scottish Arbitration Rules comprising Schedule 1 to that Act by this Contract, will govern any arbitration that is commenced. It is recommended that anyone considering instituting arbitration proceedings should obtain a copy of the rules and, as with court proceedings, should obtain competent professional advice before taking steps to institute those proceedings.

In making the choice between arbitration and court proceedings, in addition to the adjudication option, one should consider a range of other factors. Arbitration provides the ability to choose an arbitrator from any relevant profession, greater freedom of choice procedurally and confidentiality. Consideration should be given to using the Scottish Short Form Arbitration Rules prepared by CI Arb.

Rights and remedies generally

- 18** Statutory and common law rights are not restricted by the terms of the Contract.

Supplemental Provisions

- 19** Schedule Part 3 includes six optional Supplemental Provisions which build upon the traditional SBCC approach and reflect principles adopted by the Office of Government Commerce in the Achieving Excellence in Construction initiatives. They are for use where appropriate; the extent of such use may depend upon factors such as the scope of the project, the participants and the type of relationship that the Parties wish to have. The choice as to which provisions apply is made in the Contract Particulars. If no choice is made in relation to a provision, it will apply, since the provisions are generally intended to be disapplied only where there is a Framework Agreement or other contract documentation that covers the same ground.

Schedule Part 3 contains new Supplemental Provisions 7 and 8. Supplemental Provision 7 contains provisions relevant to the Freedom of Information (Scotland) Act 2002 ('FOISA') and will only apply in the event that the Employer is a Local or Public Authority or other body to whom the FOISA applies.

Supplemental Provision 8, and section 7 (Termination), contain provisions relevant to the Procurement Reform (Scotland) Act 2014 ("the Procurement Act") and the Public Contracts (Scotland) Regulations 2015 ('the PC (Scotland) Regulations') which will only be applicable where the Employer is a Local or Public Authority and the Contract is subject to the Procurement Act and the PC (Scotland) Regulations. For some background information on the Procurement Act and the PC (Scotland) Regulations and a summary of those provisions that are reflected in Supplemental Provision 8 and section 7 (Termination), please go to www.sbcconline.com.

Schedule Part 3 also contains new Supplemental Provisions 9 to enable the Employer, by means of an appropriate entry in the Contract Particulars, to name individual specialists (Named Specialists) as domestic sub-contractors for identified part or parts of the Works.

Dependent on the entry selected, the right may be limited solely to specialists pre-named in the Contract Documents (or their replacement) or, for provisional sum work, may also extend to post-naming.

In the latter case and that of the naming of any replacement specialist, the Contractor has a right of reasonable objection. If he duly notifies such an objection, and also if a named specialist becomes insolvent, there are rights both to an extension of time for resultant delay and to any loss or expense arising, but not where a solvent named specialist is terminated for default, unless the instructions name a replacement.

It will be noted that there are 7 day time limits for objections and for further instructions, subject to a 14 day stand still period prior to termination of a solvent Named Specialist's employment for default.

Terms used

- 20** As part of his duties to the Employer, the Architect/Contract Administrator should be prepared to explain the general meanings of the various terms used in the Contract. For example:

Base Date

- 21 The Base Date is stated in the Contract Particulars. The date often selected is 7 days or thereabouts before the date for submission of tenders so as to avoid any need for tenderers to deal with last minute changes. In the Minor Works Building Contract, however, Base Date plays a comparatively minor role, acting as the date of record for the Employer's status under the CIS scheme and for determining what fluctuations are payable.

CDM Regulations

- 22 Regulations made under Act of Parliament to improve health and safety standards on construction sites. For guidance on the CDM Regulations 2015, please go to www.sbcconline.com

Principal Designer and Principal Contractor

- 23 The respective persons named in the Agreement or subsequently appointed as such, as required by the CDM Regulations. With a view to minimising health and safety risks, the Regulations require the Employer to appoint a Principal Designer to control the pre-construction phase where there is more than one contractor, or it is reasonably foreseeable that more than one contractor will be working on the project at any time. One of the contractors must also be appointed as Principal Contractor in those circumstances. (For these purposes the term 'contractor' includes sub-contractors.)

Health and safety file

- 24 A manual which the Principal Designer prepares with assistance from the Principal Contractor, containing health and safety information necessary for anyone undertaking work on the site post-completion of the Works, which he passes on to the Principal Contractor if his appointment terminates before the end of the project and is to be delivered to the Employer on completion.

Date for Completion

- 25 The date by which the Contractor is required to finish the work, as stated in the Contract Particulars or subsequently extended by the Architect/Contract Administrator.

Date of practical completion

- 26 The date when, in the Architect/Contract Administrator's opinion, the Contractor has to all practical intents and purposes completed the Works.

Rectification Period

- 27 Unless otherwise agreed, the Rectification Period is 3 months from the date of practical completion. The Contractor is required to put right any defects in the work which appear during the Rectification Period before he is entitled to be paid the final balance of the Contract price. The Architect/Contract Administrator is required to notify the Contractor of any such defects not later than 14 days after the expiry of the Rectification Period.

Insurance in Joint Names

- 28 The works and existing structures insurance provisions have in this 2016 edition been made more flexible through a widening of clause 6.4C and consequential amendments to the clause 6.2 provisions relating to Contractor's liability for loss, injury or damage to property.

Clause 6.4A remains intended for use where there are no existing structures and the contractor is to arrange a Joint Names, All Risks policy, under which each Party is covered as a 'composite insured'. This may take the form of a specific project policy or through equivalent coverage under the Contractor's annual CAR policy.

Clause 6.4B is for use where there are existing structures and the Employer is able to cover the works on a Joint Names, All Risks basis and, in addition to his own cover for existing structures, is able to extend at least Specified Perils cover to the Contractor in respect of the existing structures.

However, that existing structures cover for the Contractor is not always readily available to Employers at reasonable cost, in particular where the Employer is a domestic homeowner or where he is only a tenant and structures cover is effected by the proprietor or an intermediate landlord and clause 6.4C is designed for cases in these latter categories.

The proprietor as Employer may cover the Works in Joint Names and continue with his own cover under his household or existing structures policy, with the Contractor covering his liability for any damage to existing structures under the Public Liability cover required under clause 6.3.2 or an appropriate extension of it. Alternatively, the Contractor's insurers may be prepared to cover both the Works and those structures under the Works policy.

In the case of tenant Employers, it is necessary to involve the insuring landlord and in all cases, in particular those involving existing structures, it is essential that Employers and Architect/Contract Administrators, prior to the tender stage, take appropriate specialist insurance advice, consult the Employer's household or existing structures insurers and, where relevant, the landlord. They should also then liaise with the prospective Contractor and his advisers at the earliest opportunity, specify any further cover required from him and check that that is in place before work commences on site.

In the case of the Works insurance, care should also be taken in determining the full reinstatement value (including any applicable VAT) and to ensure that the policy gives appropriate cover for items such as the additional costs of materials, working and removal of debris etc. that are likely to arise from loss or damage to the Works.

Liquidated damages

- 29** The rate per day/week/month stated in the Contract Particulars by the Employer, to compensate him for the Contractor's failure to finish the work on time. The prudent Employer will be alert to the legal principles and rules governing the enforceability of liquidated damages provisions and will approach calculation of the rate with these in mind. It is suggested the Employer records an explanation of the rate and why it represents (i) a genuine pre-estimate of the loss that he is likely to suffer or (ii) a reasonable and proportionate protection of his legitimate commercial interest(s) in timely completion, which he can use to respond to any challenge. It is for the Employer to decide whether to deduct any liquidated damages that he might be entitled to from any amount certified as due to the Contractor; such deduction is not taken into account by the Architect/Contract Administrator in the calculation of any certificate and the appropriate notice must be given by the Employer under clauses 2.8 and 5.5.4.

Provisional Sum

- 30** A sum included for work which the Employer may or may not decide to have carried out, or which cannot be accurately specified in the original contract documents. For instance, where the Employer is undecided whether all, some or none of the outside of the premises will need to be re-decorated, the pricing documents may say "Allow £X for complete external redecoration of the premises." If the Employer then decides any redecoration is necessary, the specification required is instructed by the Architect/Contract Administrator and the price to be paid is either agreed between the Architect/Contract Administrator and the Contractor or valued by the Architect/Contract Administrator.

Variation

- 31** A change to the work that the Architect/Contract Administrator instructs on behalf of the Employer. The variation may be an addition to or an omission from the work as originally specified or to the order or manner in which it is to be carried out.

Signing

- 32** The Requirements of Writing (Scotland) Act 1995 which came into force on 1st August 1995 applies to all relevant documents subscribed after that date. If the Parties are in any doubt about any of the points below, or any other matter relating to how to complete a testing clause or sign a contract document, legal advice should always be sought.

PLEASE READ THE FOLLOWING VERY CAREFULLY BEFORE SIGNING

32.1 In order to minimise the risk of challenge to the validity and authenticity of the signing and to obtain the benefits of registration under the Law of Scotland, it is a legal requirement that it be executed by one of the methods explained below.

32.2 The Contract includes a pro forma testing clause.

32.3 The method of signing and the contents of the testing Clause will depend upon whether the Party is a Limited Liability Company, a Local Authority, an Individual or a Sole Trader, a Limited Liability Partnership or a Partnership. The pro forma does not provide for signing by Local Authorities.

- 32.4** The signatures of all Parties must be in the presence of one witness who must also sign opposite the signature(s) of the Party being witnessed.
- 32.5** Where a Party is a Local Authority the examples should be read before deciding which Testing Clause is applicable to the Parties signing.
- 32.6** In the case of Local Authorities, when the signing method using the Seal is employed, their Seal need only be affixed where the Parties sign the Testing Clause.
- 32.7** The Minor Works Contract (MW/Scot) consists of the Agreement comprising Recitals, Articles, Contract Particulars, Conditions which are incorporated by reference and a Schedule. The Contract should be signed after the Contract Particulars in accordance with the detailed instructions.
- 32.8** It is essential that if the Parties are in any doubt whatsoever as to how they should complete the Testing Clause or sign a Contract Document, they should seek legal advice.

COMPANY

32.9 SIGNING

The document should be signed by one Director or the Company Secretary or an Authorised Person. In all cases the document must also be signed by a witness whose full name and address is stated in the Testing Clause. If the document is signed by an Authorised Person evidence of such authority would require to be produced and should therefore be readily available.

LOCAL AUTHORITY (Regional, District or Islands Council)

32.10 SIGNING

The document should be signed by the proper officer of the Local Authority and also by a witness, whose full name and address should appear in the Testing Clause. Alternatively, the document can be signed by the proper officer of the Local Authority and sealed with the Common Seal of the Local Authority.

32.11 TESTING CLAUSES

Signature by Proper Officer with Seal

IN WITNESS WHEREOF these presents consisting of this and the [] preceding page(s), together with the Schedule annexed, (under declaration that the insertion of the names and addresses of the said Parties, insertion of details into the Contract Particulars (or Agreement Particulars), the alterations to clauses[] and the deletion of clauses[] and [note any other alterations] which are initialled by the Parties were made prior to the subscription of this Agreement by the Parties) are subscribed are as follows:-

They are signed for and on behalf of the above named [Employer/Contractor etc.] by [] its [e.g. Regional Estates Surveyor], and sealed with its Common Seal at [] on the [] day of [] Two Thousand and [] and signed [Continue with appropriate Testing Clause of the other party]

LOCAL AUTHORITY SEAL

Signature by Proper Officer and One Witness

Employer/Contractor etc.] by [] its [e.g. Regional Estates Surveyor], at [] on the [] day of [] Two Thousand and [] before this witness [] of [] and signed [Continue with appropriate Testing Clause of the other party]

INDIVIDUAL/SOLE TRADER

32.12 SIGNING

An individual or sole trader should sign his usual signature in the presence of one witness who must also sign and whose full name and address must appear in the Testing Clause.

LIMITED LIABILITY PARTNERSHIP

32.13 SIGNING

The document should be signed by one member of the limited liability partnership. The document must also be signed by a witness whose full name and address is stated in the Testing Clause.

PARTNERSHIP

32.14 SIGNING

The document should be signed by the Firm name being adhibited by one of the partners or by a person authorised to sign on its behalf who should sign on behalf of the partnership either by adhibiting the Firm name or his own name. In all cases the signature must be in the presence of one witness who must also sign and whose full name and address must appear in the Testing Clause. A party to the contract cannot be a witness, therefore partners of the Firm cannot act as witnesses. Your Partnership Agreement may provide for an alternative method of execution.

ANNEXATIONS

- 32.15** If any annexations are required they should be annexed in whole or in part and referred to in the Contract and in the Testing Clause and such annexation should be identified on its face as an annexation to the Contract. As noted at paragraph 32.8, If there is any doubt as to completion of the Testing Clause, the Parties should seek legal advice.

MW User Checklist

A checklist of the key information that will help you to complete the Agreement may be downloaded from the SBCC website.

Care has been taken in preparing these Guidance Notes but they should not be treated as a definitive legal interpretation or commentary. Users are reminded that the effect in law of the provisions of the Minor Works Building Contract 2016 Edition is, in the event of a dispute as to that effect, a matter for decision in adjudication, arbitration or litigation.

2016 changes to the 2011 Edition

The following provisions in 2016 Edition contain textual changes. The provisions with substantive textual changes have been identified with *.

MW/Scot 2016 is based on MW 2016.

2016 numbering

Agreement heading

Footnote [1]

Recitals

Second

Second and footnote*

Fifth

Seventh

Articles

Article 2

Article 3*

Article 4*

Article 5*

Article 6*

Article 8*

Contract Particulars (entries)

Seventh Recital and Schedule Part 3*

Article 8*

1.1*

2.2*

5.3*

5.3 and 5.8*

6.3*

6.4A and 6.4B

6.4C*

8.2*

Signing*

Conditions (clauses)

1.1*

1.2

1.3

1.7*

2.1*

2.3

2.5

2.7*

2.8*

2.9*

2.10*

4.3*

4.4*

4.5

4.6*

4.7*

4.9*

5.3*

5.4*

5.5*

5.6*

5.7*

5.8*

5.9*

5.10*

5.11*

6.1*

6.2*

6.3*

6.4A*

6.4B*

6.4C*

6.5*

6.6*

6.7*

7.1*

7.6*

7.8*

7.10*

7.11*

Schedule:

Sched Part 1 :

Paras 2* and 3*

Sched Part 2:

heading

Para3

Para 12

Sched Part 3:

Introduction

Para 2.2.1

Para 3.2

Para 3.4

Para 7*

Para 8*

Para 9*

Guidance Notes

Para 3

Para 4*

Para 5*

Para 6*

Para 8*

Para 14*

Para 15*

Para 15*

Para 16*

Para 17*

Para 19*

Para 22*

Para 23*

Para 24*

Para 28*

Para 29*

Para 32